SF-424 Application Guide

A guide developed and maintained by HRSA for preparing and submitting applications through Grants.gov to HRSA using the SF-424 Application Package

To be used with HRSA funding opportunity announcements (FOAs) specifying the use of the SF-424 Application Package

Updated May 26, 2016
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1. **INTRODUCTION**

1.1. About HRSA

HRSA’s mission is to improve health and achieve health equity through access to quality services, a skilled health workforce and innovative programs. HRSA provides access to essential health care services for people who are low-income, uninsured, or live in rural areas or urban neighborhoods where access to or availability of health care is limited. HRSA provides leadership and financial support to health care providers in every state and U.S. territory. HRSA-funded health centers provide medical care to more than 20 million patients each year at more than 8,500 sites nationwide. HRSA awardees provide health care to uninsured people, people living with HIV/AIDS, and pregnant women, mothers and children. They train health professionals and improve systems of care in rural communities.

HRSA oversees organ, bone marrow and cord blood donation. It supports programs that compensate individuals harmed by vaccination and maintains databases that protect against health care malpractice and health care waste, fraud and abuse. For more information please visit our website at [http://www.hrsa.gov](http://www.hrsa.gov).

1.2. Document Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this document is to provide detailed instructions to help you (the applicant organization/agency) prepare and submit new, competing continuation, and competing supplement applications electronically to HRSA through Grants.gov. This SF-424 Application Guide is specific to funding opportunity announcements (FOAs) using the Application for Federal Assistance SF-424** application package. You must submit electronically through Grants.gov. This Guide is intended to be a concise source of HRSA general information related to the application preparation and submission process and will be updated periodically. This document does not replace program-specific guidance provided in FOAs. This document also does not replace the Health and Human Services Grants Policy Statement (HHS GPS), which serves as the comprehensive source of grant information across the Department.

Note: As of October 1, 2010 current awardees are no longer required to submit a full application to determine eligibility for funding of a successive budget period within their approved project period. Instead, awardees only need to submit the streamlined Non-Competing Continuation (NCC) Progress Report for continued funding of the next budget period. For details and user guides, please visit [http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/noncompetingcontinuations/index.html](http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/noncompetingcontinuations/index.html).

**If you are applying for Research or Training awards that require the SF-424 Research and Related (R&R) application package, you must refer to HRSA’s SF-424 R&R Application Guide for guidance.
1.3. Document Version Control

This document is periodically updated and maintained by HRSA’s Office of Federal Assistance Management, Division of Grants Policy.

1.4. Summary of Significant Changes

5/26/16:
- Mandatory Disclosures details/contact information added in Section 2.2. Administrative and National Policy Requirements.
- National HIV/AIDS Strategy (NHAS) section updated (includes pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) and HIV Care Continuum information) in Section 2.2. Administrative and National Policy Requirements.
- Funding Restrictions section updated with a listing of legislative mandates in Section 4.1.iv. Budget.

2/5/16:
- All references/information related to P.L. 113-235 updated to P.L. 114-113, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016.
- Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility, and Voluntary Exclusion Certification added to Section 4.1.viii. Certifications.

8/10/15: The “Non-Discrimination Requirements” section has been enhanced and renamed “Accessibility Provisions and Non-Discrimination Requirements.

5/14/15: Various updates/requirements per the Uniform Guidance including: Mandatory Disclosure, Classification of Costs.

2. Polices, Assurances, Definitions and Other Information

2.1. HHS Grants Policy Statement

HRSA grant and cooperative agreement awards are subject to the requirements of the HHS GPS that are applicable based on recipient type and purpose of award. This includes any requirements in Parts I and II of the HHS GPS that apply to the award. The HHS GPS is available at http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/hhsgrantspolicy.pdf. The general terms and conditions in the HHS GPS will apply as indicated unless there are statutory, regulatory, or award-specific requirements to the contrary (as specified in the Notice of Award (NoA)).
2.2. Administrative and National Policy Requirements

Effective December 26, 2014, all administrative and audit requirements and the cost principles that govern federal monies associated with an application and award will be subject to the Uniform Guidance 2 CFR part 200 as codified by HHS at 45 CFR part 75, which supersedes the previous administrative and audit requirements and cost principles.

Successful applicants are required to comply with the administrative requirements outlined in 45 CFR part 75 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for HHS Awards.

In addition to the numerous administrative and national policy requirements imposed by regulation and by the HHS GPS, HRSA stresses the following terms of every award:

Accessibility Provisions and Non-Discrimination Requirements
Recipients of federal financial assistance (FFA) from HHS must administer their programs in compliance with federal civil rights law. This means that recipients of HHS funds must ensure equal access to their programs without regard to a person’s race, color, national origin, disability, age and, in some circumstances, sex and religion. This includes ensuring your programs are accessible to persons with limited English proficiency. HHS provides guidance to recipients of FFA on meeting their legal obligation to take reasonable steps to provide meaningful access to their programs by persons with limited English proficiency. Please see http://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/special-topics/limited-english-proficiency/index.html. The HHS Office for Civil Rights also provides guidance on complying with civil rights laws enforced by HHS. Please see http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/civilrights/understanding/section1557/index.html; and http://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-providers/index.html. Recipients of FFA also have specific legal obligations for serving qualified individuals with disabilities. Please see http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/civilrights/understanding/disability/index.html. Please contact the HHS Office for Civil Rights for more information about obligations and prohibitions under federal civil rights laws at http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/about/rgrn-hqaddresses.html or call 1-800-368-1019 or TDD 1-800-537-7697. Also note it is an HHS Departmental goal to ensure access to quality, culturally competent care, including long-term services and supports, for vulnerable populations. For further guidance on providing culturally and linguistically appropriate services, recipients should review the National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services in Health and Health Care at http://minorityhealth.hhs.gov/omh/browse.aspx?lvl=2&lvlid=53.
Acknowledgement of Federal Funding
HRSA requires recipients to use the following acknowledgement and disclaimer on all products produced by HRSA funds:

“This project is/was supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) under grant number and title for grant amount (specify grant number, title, total award amount and percentage financed with nongovernmental sources). This information or content and conclusions are those of the author and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsements be inferred by HRSA, HHS or the U.S. Government.”

Recipients are required to use this language when issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposals, bid solicitations, and other HRSA-supported publications and forums describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with HRSA funding. Examples of HRSA-supported publications include, but are not limited to, manuals, toolkits, resource guides, case studies and issues briefs.

Affordable Care Act Outreach and Education
It is important to note that a healthier country is one in which more Americans are able to access the care they need to prevent the onset of disease and manage disease when it is present. Insurance coverage is strongly related to better health outcomes for both children and adults. Access to insurance improves health outcomes by helping people obtain preventive and screening services, prescription drug benefits, mental health and other services, and by improving continuity of care.

The Affordable Care Act, the health care law of 2010, creates new state-based marketplaces, also known as exchanges, to offer millions of Americans new access to affordable health insurance coverage. Individuals with incomes between 100 to 400 percent FPL may be eligible to receive advance payments of premium tax credits and/or cost-sharing reductions to help pay for the cost of enrolling in a qualified health insurance plan and paying for coverage of essential health benefits. In states that choose to participate in the Affordable Care Act expansion of Medicaid to non-disabled adults with incomes of up to 133 percent of Federal Poverty Level (FPL), this provision will provide new coverage options for many individuals who were previously ineligible for Medicaid. In addition, the law helps make prevention affordable and accessible for Americans by requiring health plans to cover certain recommended preventive services without cost sharing.

Outreach efforts would ensure that families and communities understand these new developments and would provide eligible individuals the assistance they need to secure and retain coverage as smoothly as possible during the transition and beyond. You are encouraged to share information with your beneficiaries about these options and to assist them, to the extent it is an appropriate activity under your award, in enrolling in available insurance plans or in finding other available sources of payment for the services you provide.
To learn more about the Health Insurance Marketplace and enroll in coverage, visit HealthCare.gov. Awardees should direct individuals, families, and partners to HealthCare.gov to access educational information and create accounts, complete an online application, shop for qualified health plans, and enroll in coverage. The site is also available in Spanish at CuidadoSalud.gov (https://www.cuidadodesalud.gov/es/).

A wide range of enrollment and education assistance is available. Individuals can go to https://localhelp.healthcare.gov to find a trained in-person assistor in their community, use the live chat function on HealthCare.gov, or contact the Health Insurance Marketplace call center toll free at 1-800-318-2596 (TTY 1-855-889-4325), which is available 24/7 in 150 languages.

For more information on the marketplaces and the health care law, visit http://www.healthcare.gov/. In addition, for professionals learning about the Marketplace and helping people apply, get the latest resources at http://marketplace.cms.gov/.

Cultural and Linguistic Competence

HRSA programs serve culturally and linguistically diverse communities that are not just defined by race or ethnicity, but also socio-economic status, sexual orientation, gender identity, physical and mental ability, age, and other factors. Organizational behaviors, practices, attitudes, and policies across all HRSA-supported entities respect and respond to the cultural diversity of communities, clients and students served.

HRSA is committed to ensuring access to quality health care for all. Quality care means access to services, information, and materials delivered by competent providers in a manner that factors in the language needs, health literacy, culture, and diversity of the populations served. Quality also means that data collection instruments used should adhere to culturally competent and linguistically appropriate norms. For additional information and guidance, refer to the National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services (CLAS) published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services at https://www.thinkculturalhealth.hhs.gov/. Additional cultural/linguistic competency and health literacy tools, resources and definitions are available online at http://www.hrsa.gov/culturalcompetence and http://www.hrsa.gov/healthliteracy.

DOMA: Implementation of United States v. Windsor and Federal Recognition of Same-Sex Spouses/Marriages


The following applies to all HRSA grant programs except:
- block grants governed by 45 CFR part 96,
• block grants governed by 45 CFR part 98, and
• grant awards made under titles IV-A, XIX and XXI of the Social Security Act.

A standard term and condition of award will be included in the NoA that states: "In any grant-related activity in which family, marital, or household considerations are, by statute or regulation, relevant for purposes of determining beneficiary eligibility or participation, grantees must treat same-sex spouses, marriages, and households on the same terms as opposite-sex spouses, marriages, and households, respectively. By "same-sex spouses," HHS means individuals of the same sex who have entered into marriages that are valid in the jurisdiction where performed, including any of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. territory or in a foreign country, regardless of whether or not the couple resides in a jurisdiction that recognizes same-sex marriage. By "same-sex marriages," HHS means marriages between two individuals validly entered into in the jurisdiction where performed, including any of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. territory or in a foreign country, regardless of whether or not the couple resides in a jurisdiction that recognizes same-sex marriage. By "marriage," HHS does not mean registered domestic partnerships, civil unions or similar formal relationships recognized under the law of the jurisdiction of celebration as something other than a marriage."

**Health IT**
Health information technology (Health IT) provides the basis for improving the overall quality, safety and efficiency of the health delivery system. HRSA endorses the widespread and consistent use of health IT, which is the most promising tool for making health care services more accessible, efficient and cost effective for all Americans.

Related Health IT Resources:
• Health Information Technology (HHS): [http://www.healthit.gov/](http://www.healthit.gov/)

**Healthy People 2020**
Healthy People 2020 is a national initiative led by HHS that sets priorities for all HRSA programs. The initiative has four overarching goals: (1) attain high-quality, longer lives free of preventable disease, disability, injury, and premature death; (2) achieve health equity, eliminate disparities, and improve the health of all groups; (3) create social and physical environments that promote good health for all; and (4) promote quality of life, healthy development, and healthy behaviors across all life stages. The program consists of over 40 topic areas, containing measurable objectives. HRSA has actively participated in the work groups of all the topic areas and is committed to the achievement of the Healthy People 2020 goals. More information about Healthy People 2020 may be found online at [http://www.healthypeople.gov/](http://www.healthypeople.gov/).
Integrating Primary Care and Public Health
Integration of primary care and public health links people, policy, programs and activities to increase efficiency and effectiveness and ultimately improve population health. Both primary care and public health emphasize prevention as a key driver of better health, and integration of the two fields can transform our focus on disease and treatment to health and wellness, as well as maximize our health care system investment. Integration occurs on a continuum and includes mutual awareness, cooperation, collaboration and partnership. Successful integration requires primary care and public health to work together along this continuum and address social and environmental determinants of health, engage communities, align leadership, develop the healthcare workforce, sustain systems, and share and collaborate on the use of data and analysis – all with an eye toward achieving a shared goal of population health improvement. Integration of primary care and public health is a major focus for HRSA and HHS, and to the extent possible, you should consider ways to integrate primary care and public health in the activities they pursue. More information can be found at http://www.hrsa.gov/publichealth/.

Mandatory Disclosures
The non-federal entity or applicant for a federal award must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the HHS awarding agency or pass-through entity all violations of federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the federal award (45 CFR § 75.113). Failure to make required disclosures can result in any of the remedies described in 45 CFR § 75.371, including suspension or debarment. (See also 2 CFR parts 180 and 376, and 31 U.S.C. 3321).

Submission is required for all applicants and recipients, in writing, to the awarding agency and to the HHS Office of Inspector General (OIG) all information related to violations of federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the federal award. Disclosures must be sent in writing to:

HRSA (The Awarding Agency)

AND

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Office of Inspector General
ATTN: Mandatory Grant Disclosures, Intake Coordinator
330 Independence Avenue, SW, Cohen Building
Room 5527
Washington, DC  20201
URL: http://oig.hhs.gov/fraud/report-fraud/index.asp
(Include “Mandatory Grant Disclosures” in subject line)
Fax: (202) 205-0604 (Include “Mandatory Grant Disclosures” in subject line) or
E-mail: MandatoryGranteeDisclosures@oig.hhs.gov
**National HIV/AIDS Strategy (NHAS): Updated to 2020**

The National HIV/AIDS Strategy for the United States: Updated to 2020 (NHAS 2020 or Strategy) is a five-year plan that details principles, priorities, and actions to guide the national response to the HIV epidemic. To the extent possible, program activities should strive to support the primary goals of [NHAS 2020](https://aids.gov/federal-resources/national-hiv-aids-strategy/overview):

1. Reduce new HIV infections;
2. Increase access to care and optimize health outcomes for people living with HIV (PLWH);
3. Reduce HIV-related health disparities and health inequities; and
4. Achieve a more coordinated national response to the HIV epidemic.

Updated in 2015, NHAS 2020 has fully integrated the objectives and recommendations of the [HIV Care Continuum Initiative](https://aids.gov/federal-resources/national-hiv-aids-strategy/overview) (see below) and the Federal Interagency Working Group on the Intersection of HIV/AIDS, Violence against Women and Girls, and Gender-Related Health Disparities. The Strategy also allows opportunities to refocus and strengthen the ongoing work in HIV prevention, care, and research.

Recipients should take action to align their organization’s efforts, over the next five years, around the Strategy’s four areas of critical focus:

- Widespread testing and linkage to care, enabling PLWH to access treatment early;
- Broad support for PLWH to remain engaged in comprehensive care, including support for treatment adherence;
- Universal viral suppression among PLWH; and
- Full access to comprehensive pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) services for those to whom it is appropriate and desired, and support for medication adherence for those using PrEP.

More information on how recipients can support NHAS 2020, including the [Community Action Plan Framework](https://aids.gov/federal-resources/national-hiv-aids-strategy/overview), a tool to help recipients and other stakeholders in developing their own plans to implement NHAS 2020, can be found here: [https://aids.gov/federal-resources/national-hiv-aids-strategy/overview](https://aids.gov/federal-resources/national-hiv-aids-strategy/overview).

**HIV Care Continuum**

The HIV care continuum includes the diagnosis of HIV, linkage to HIV medical care, lifelong retention in HIV medical care, appropriate prescription of ART, and, ultimately, HIV viral load suppression. The HIV care continuum performance measures align with the [U.S. Department of Health and Human Services] HHS Common HIV Core Indicators, approved by the HHS Secretary. RWHAP recipients and providers submit data through the RSR. HAB collects the data elements needed to produce the HHS Common HIV Core Indicators (Indicators); uses the data to calculate Indicators, across the entire RWHAP; and reports six of the seven Indicators to the HHS, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health.
RWHAP recipients are encouraged to assess the outcomes of their programs along the HIV care continuum and work with their community and public health partners to improve outcomes, so that individuals diagnosed with HIV are linked to and engaged in care and started on ART as early as possible. HAB requests that recipients use the RWHAP performance measures, at their local level, to assess the efficacy of their programs and to analyze and improve the gaps along the HIV care continuum.

**Pilot Program for Enhancement of Contractor Employee Whistleblower Protections**

Awards issued under HRSA FOAs are subject to the requirements of 48 CFR § 3.908. A standard term and condition of award requires that grantees inform their employees in writing of employee whistleblower rights and protections under 41 U.S.C. 4712 in the predominant native language of the workforce. (Regarding 48 CFR § 3.908, note that use of the term “contract,” “contractor,” “subcontract,” or “subcontractor” for the purpose of this term and condition, should read as “grant,” “grantee,” “subgrant,” or “subgrantee.”)

**Smoke-Free Workplace**

The Public Health Service strongly encourages all award recipients to provide a smoke-free workplace and to promote the non-use of all tobacco products. Further, Public Law (P.L.) 103-227, the Pro-Children Act of 1994, prohibits smoking in certain facilities (or in some cases, any portion of a facility) in which regular or routine education, library, day care, health care or early childhood development services are provided to children.

**Standards for Financial Management**

Recipients are required to meet the standards and requirements for financial management systems set forth in 45 CFR part 75. The financial systems must enable the recipient to maintain records that adequately identify the sources of funds for federally assisted activities and the purposes for which the award was used, including authorizations, obligations, unobligated balances, assets, liabilities, outlays or expenditures, and any program income. The system must also enable the recipient to compare actual expenditures or outlays with the approved budget for the award.

HRSA funds must retain their award-specific identity—they may not be commingled with state funds or other federal funds. [“Commingling funds” typically means depositing or recording funds in a general account without the ability to identify each specific source of funds for any expenditure.]

**Trafficking in Persons**

Awards issued under HRSA FOAs are subject to the requirements of Section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104). For the full text of the award term, go to [http://www.hrsa.gov/](http://www.hrsa.gov/)

**NOTE:** The signature of the AOR on the application serves as the required certification of compliance for your organization regarding the administrative and national policy requirements.
2.3. Compliance Requirements at a Glance

For reference, the chart below provides compliance requirements by recipient and requirement type.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recipient Type</th>
<th>Administrative Requirements</th>
<th>Cost Principles</th>
<th>Audit Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State, Local, &amp; Tribal</td>
<td>45 CFR part 75</td>
<td>45 CFR 75; Subpart E</td>
<td>45 CFR 75; Subpart F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Governments</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colleges &amp; Universities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Profits</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospitals</td>
<td></td>
<td>45 CFR part 75, Appendix IX</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For-Profits</td>
<td></td>
<td>48 CFR Subpart 31.2</td>
<td>45 CFR part 75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign</td>
<td></td>
<td>As stated above for each awardee type</td>
<td>45 CFR part 75 except where the HHS awarding agency determines that the application of these subparts would be inconsistent with the international obligations of the United States or the statutes or regulations of a foreign government.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.4. Assurances and Certifications

Complete Application Form SF-424B Assurances – Non-Construction Programs.

Complete the required Certification Regarding Lobbying Form and, if applicable, the Disclosure of Lobbying Activities Form provided with the application package.

NOTE: The signature of the AOR on the application serves as the required certification of compliance for your organization regarding assurances and certification.
2.5. References

About HRSA
http://www.hrsa.gov/about/index.html

Grants.gov Online User Guide

How to Apply for a Grant
http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/apply/index.html

Tips for Preparing Grant Proposals
http://www.hhs.gov/asfr/ogapa/aboutog/apptips.html

System for Award Management (SAM)
https://www.sam.gov

2.6. Definitions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administrative Requirements</td>
<td>The general practices that are common to the administration of federal awards, such as financial accountability, reporting, equipment management, and retention of records.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allocable Cost</td>
<td>A cost that is allocable to a particular cost objective (i.e., a specific function, grant/cooperative agreement project, service, department, or other activity) in accordance with the relative benefits received. A cost is allocable to a federal award where it is treated consistently with other costs incurred for the same purpose in like circumstances and (1) is incurred specifically for the award, (2) benefits both the award and other work and can be distributed in reasonable proportion to the benefits received, and (3) is necessary for the overall operation of the organization.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allowable Cost</td>
<td>A cost incurred by a recipient that is reasonable for the performance of the award; allocable; in conformance with any limitations or exclusions set forth in the federal cost principles applicable to the organization incurring the cost or in the NoA as to the type or amount of cost; consistent with regulations, policies, and procedures of the recipient that are applied uniformly to both federally supported and other activities of the organization; accorded consistent treatment as a direct or indirect cost; determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and not included as a cost in any other federally supported award (unless specifically authorized by statute).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assurance</strong></td>
<td>A written statement by an applicant, normally included with the application, indicating that it will abide by a particular requirement if an award is made.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Authorized Organization Representative (AOR)</strong></td>
<td>An AOR is a role in Grants.gov. AORs are the individuals named by the applicant/recipient organization, who are authorized to act for the applicant/recipient and to assume the obligations imposed by the federal laws, regulations, requirements, and conditions that apply to applications or awards. AORs are approved by the organization’s E-Business Point of Contact and are authorized and designated to submit applications through Grants.gov on behalf of an organization.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Authorizing Official (AO)</strong></td>
<td>An Authorizing Official is a role in the HRSA Electronic Handbooks (EHBs). In the event that an application or portion of an application is to be submitted through the EHBs (IF indicated in the FOA), this individual is responsible for certifying and submitting it to HRSA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Award</strong></td>
<td>The document that provides HRSA funds to a recipient to carry out an approved program or project (based on an approved application or progress report). The term, when used as a noun, is sometimes used interchangeably with “grant” or “cooperative agreement.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Budget Periods</strong></td>
<td>The intervals of time (usually 12 months each) into which a project period is divided for budgetary and funding purposes. Funding of individual budget periods sometimes is referred to as “incremental funding.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chief Grants Management Officer (CGMO)</strong></td>
<td>The CGMO is HRSA’s representative on federal award policy directives and award administration matters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Competing Continuation Application</strong></td>
<td>A request for funding to renew, by one or more additional budget periods (described as a “competitive segment”), a project period that would otherwise expire. This type of application is sometimes referred to as “renewal.” These applications must compete for support in the same manner as new applications. (“Type 2” award)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Competing Supplement Application</strong></td>
<td>A request in response to an FOA for an increase in support in a current budget period for expansion of the scope of the approved project or program. (“Type 3” award)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cooperative Agreement</strong></td>
<td>A legal instrument of financial assistance used when there will be substantial federal programmatic involvement. Substantial involvement means that HRSA program staff will collaborate or participate in project or program activities as specified in the FOA and NoA. See full definition at 45 CFR § 75.2 Definitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cost Principles</strong></td>
<td>The government-wide principles, issued by OMB (or, in the case of commercial organizations, the Federal Acquisition Regulation,</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
or in the case of hospitals, 45 CFR part 75, Appendix IX, “Principles For Determining Costs Applicable to Research and Development Under Grants and Contracts With Hospitals”), on allowability and unallowability of costs under federally sponsored agreements.

| Cost Sharing | The portion of project costs not paid by federal funds (unless otherwise authorized by federal statute). This may include the value of allowable third party in-kind contributions, as well as expenditures by the recipient. Costs used to satisfy matching or cost-sharing requirements are subject to the same policies governing allowability as other costs under the approved budget. |
| DUNS Number | Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number, is a nine-digit number established and assigned by Dun and Bradstreet to uniquely identify a business entity. This number is also known as the Unique Entity Identifier. |
| Equipment | An article of tangible personal property (including information technology systems) having a useful life of more than one year and a per-unit acquisition cost which equals or exceeds the lesser of the capitalization level established by the non-federal entity for financial statement purposes, or $5,000. |
| Executive Order 12372 (Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs) | The source of the requirement that state and local officials review certain proposed federal financial assistance. For those states that participate in the process, a single state official or organization is designated for coordination of the review process and to send official state process comments and recommendations to federal agencies. These state officials or organizations are referred to as State Single Points of Contact. (45 CFR part 100, “Intergovernmental Review of Department of Health and Human Services Programs and Activities,” is the HHS implementation of the Executive Order.) |
| Federal Award Identification Number (FAIN) | The FAIN is a unique number assigned to each federal award by the awarding agency (aka “grant number” it’s the 10-digit number found in box 4b of the NoA). This number is used on all award documents. Pass-through entities are required to inform subrecipients of this number and associated requirements of use. |
| Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) | HRSA’s formally issued announcement of the availability of federal funding through one of its financial assistance programs. The announcement invites applications and provides such information as eligibility and evaluation criteria, funding preferences/priorities, how to obtain application package, and the submission deadline. |
**Funding Preference**
The funding of a specific category or group of applications ahead of other categories or groups of applications that are recommended for approval. Applicants that meet the criteria for the preference will be placed in a more competitive position among applications that can be funded. Applications that do not receive a funding preference will be given full and equitable consideration during the review process.

**Funding Priority**
The favorable adjustment of combined review scores of individually approved applications when applications meet specified criteria. An adjustment is made by a set, pre-determined number of points.

**Funding Special Consideration**
A special consideration is defined as the favorable consideration of an application by HRSA funding officials, based on the extent to which the application addresses the specific area of special consideration.

**Grant**
A legal instrument of financial assistance between a federal awarding agency or pass-through entity and a non-federal entity that, consistent with 31 U.S.C. 6302, 6304, is used to enter into a relationship the principal purpose of which is to transfer anything of value from the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity to the non-federal entity to carry out a public purpose authorized by a law of the United States (see 31 U.S.C. 6101(3)); and not to acquire property or services for the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity's direct benefit or use. A grant is used whenever HRSA anticipates no substantial programmatic involvement with the recipient during performance of the financially assisted activities. See full definition at 45 CFR § 75.2 Definitions.

**Grants Management Officer (GMO)**
The GMO is the official whose name appears on the NoA and is the individual designated to serve as the HHS official responsible for the business and non-programmatic management aspects of a particular grant(s) or cooperative agreement(s). In this capacity, the GMO is responsible for all federal business management matters associated with the review, negotiation, award, and administration of the assigned grants/cooperative agreements and interprets federal award administration policies and provisions. The Grants Management Officer also serves as the counterpart to the business officer of the recipient organization.

The GMO is the only official authorized to obligate HRSA to the expenditure of federal funds or to change the funding, duration, or other terms and conditions of an award.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Grants Management Specialist (GMS)</strong></th>
<th>The GMS works with the GMO on the day-to-day business and nonprogrammatic management of a portfolio of HRSA grants and cooperative agreements. The GMS performs many of the activities described above on behalf of the GMO and is usually the primary point of contact for recipients when dealing with award-related issues. He/she also works closely with the federal project officer (PO) or program official aka program contact.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Indirect Cost Rate</strong></td>
<td>The rate negotiated by the cognizant federal agency that is used as the basis for reimbursing indirect costs. The rate may be applicable to an entire organization, on-site activities or off-site activities only, a particular site, or specified activities. The rate must be effective for the period for which reimbursement is claimed. Rates may be fixed, predetermined, provisional, or final, consistent with the applicable federal cost principles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Indirect Cost Rate Agreement</strong></td>
<td>The document that formalizes the establishment of an indirect cost rate(s) and provides information on the proper application of the rate(s).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Indirect Costs</strong></td>
<td>Costs incurred for common or joint objectives which cannot be readily and specifically identified with a particular project or program but are necessary to the operations of the organization, e.g., the cost of operating and maintaining facilities, depreciation, and administrative salaries. For some institutions, the term “facilities and administration” (F&amp;A) is used to denote indirect costs. <strong>Reminder</strong>: Indirect costs should be calculated within the total requested costs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Key Personnel</strong></td>
<td>Per the <a href="#">HHS GPS</a>, the PI/PD and other individuals who contribute to the programmatic development or execution of a project or program in a substantive, measurable way, whether or not they receive salaries or compensation under the grant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Letter of Intent</strong></td>
<td>A preliminary, non-binding indication of an organization’s intent to submit an application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Local Government</strong></td>
<td>Any unit of government within a state, including a county, borough, municipality, city, town, township, parish, local public authority (including any public housing agency under the United States Housing Act of 1937), school district, special district, intrastate district, council of governments (whether or not incorporated as a nonprofit corporation under state law), and any other agency or instrumentality of a multi-, regional, or intra-state or local government. The term does not include institutions of higher education and hospitals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Matching</strong></td>
<td>See <a href="#">Cost Sharing</a>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maintenance of</strong></td>
<td>A requirement contained in the authorizing statute or program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effort</td>
<td>regulations stating that, in order to receive federal funds, a recipient must agree to maintain a specified level of financial effort (using a specified baseline period, such as the year prior to the initiation of federal award support) for the award from its own resources and other non-federal sources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Modified Total Direct Cost (MTDC) | *Modified Total Direct Cost (MTDC) means all direct salaries and wages, applicable fringe benefits, materials and supplies, services, travel, and up to the first $25,000 of each subaward (regardless of the period of performance of the subawards under the award). MTDC excludes equipment, capital expenditures, charges for patient care, rental costs, tuition remission, scholarships and fellowships, participant support costs and the portion of each subaward in excess of $25,000. Other items may only be excluded when necessary to avoid a serious inequity in the distribution of indirect costs, and with the approval of the cognizant agency for indirect costs.  

*This definition applies to rate agreements negotiated on/after 12/27/2014 and to entities without an indirect cost rate agreement using the 10% de minimis rate.* |
<p>| New Application | A request for financial assistance for a project or activity that is not currently receiving support. A new application is required for consideration under a competitive FOA. |
| Non-Competing Continuation | Funding for the second or subsequent budget period within an approved competitive project period that is released following submission and HRSA approval of a progress report. A non-competing continuation application does not compete with other applications for support. For details and user guides, please visit <a href="http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/noncompetingcontinuations/index.html">http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/noncompetingcontinuations/index.html</a>. |
| Non-Federal Entity | Non-federal entity means a state, local government, Indian tribe, institution of higher education (IHE), or non-profit organization that carries out a federal award as a recipient or subrecipient. |
| Non-profit Organization | Any corporation, trust, association, cooperative, or other organization, not including IHEs, that: is operated primarily for scientific, educational, service, charitable, or similar purposes in the public interest; is not organized primarily for profit; and uses net proceeds to maintain, improve, or expand the operations of the organization. |
| Notice of Award (NoA) | The NoA is the official document, signed (or the electronic equivalent of signature) by a GMO that: (1) notifies the recipient of the award of a grant or cooperative agreement; (2) contains or references all the terms and conditions of the grant and federal funding limits and obligations; and, (3) provides the documentary basis for recording the obligation of federal funds in the HRSA |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>accounting system.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective Review</td>
<td>An advisory review of discretionary award applications conducted by unbiased reviewers with expertise in the programmatic area for which applications are submitted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-Award Costs</td>
<td>Costs incurred prior to the beginning date of the project period, in anticipation of an award and at the applicant’s own risk, for otherwise allowable costs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Principal                                 | **Per 2 CFR § 180.995.**  
(a) An officer, director, owner, partner, principal investigator, or other person within a participant with management or supervisory responsibilities related to a covered transaction; or  
(b) A consultant or other person, whether or not employed by the participant or paid with federal funds, who—  
(1) Is in a position to handle federal funds; (2) Is in a position to influence or control the use of those funds; or, (3) Occupies a technical or professional position capable of substantially influencing the development or outcome of an activity required to perform the covered transaction.  
**Per 2 CFR § 376.995.**  
Individuals, in addition to those listed at 2 CFR § 180.995, who participate in HHS covered transactions including:  
(a) Providers of federally required audit services; and  
(b) Researchers. |
<p>| Program Contact (PC)                      | HRSA staff person listed in the FOA to answer programmatic questions.                                                                      |
| Progress Report                           | Periodic, usually annual, reports submitted by the recipient and used by HRSA to assess progress and, except for the final progress report, to determine whether to provide funding for the budget period subsequent to that covered by the report. |
| Project Officer / Program Official (PO)   | The PO is the HRSA official responsible for the programmatic, scientific, and/or technical aspects of assigned applications and grants/cooperative agreements. The PO’s responsibilities include, but are not limited to, development of programs to meet HRSA’s mission; preparation of FOAs; provision of programmatic technical assistance; post-award monitoring of project/program performance, including review of progress reports and making site visits; and other activities complementary to those of the GMS. The PO and the GMS work as a team in many of these activities. For the purposes of this document, the PO may also be referred to as the program contact (PC). |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Project or Program Costs</strong></th>
<th>The total allowable costs incurred under a federal award and all required cost sharing and voluntary committed cost sharing, including third-party contributions.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project Period</strong></td>
<td>The total time for which support of a project has been programmatically approved. The total project period comprises the initial competitive segment, any subsequent competitive segments resulting from a competing continuation award, and any non-competing extensions. Project periods are comprised of 12-month budget periods.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reasonable Cost</strong></td>
<td>A cost whose nature or amount does not exceed that which would be incurred by a prudent person under the circumstances prevailing when the decision was made to incur the cost.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Recipient</strong></td>
<td>The organization or individual that receives a grant or cooperative agreement award directly from HRSA and is responsible and accountable for the use of the funds provided and for the performance of the HRSA-supported project or activity. The recipient is the entire legal entity even if a particular component is designated in the NoA. The term includes “grantee” and “awardee.” The term recipient does not include subrecipients.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Research</strong></td>
<td>A systematic study directed toward fuller scientific knowledge or understanding of the subject studied. “Development” is the systematic use of knowledge and understanding gained from research directed toward the production of useful materials, devices, systems, or methods, including design and development of prototypes and processes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Research Misconduct</strong></td>
<td>Fabrication, falsification, or plagiarism in proposing, performing, or reviewing research, or in reporting research results. Fabrication is making up data or results and recording or reporting them. Falsification is manipulating research materials, equipment, or processes, or changing or omitting data or results such that research is not accurately represented in the research record. Plagiarism is the appropriation of another person’s ideas, processes, results, or words without giving appropriate credit. The term does not include honest error or differences of opinion.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: Applicants applying for research grants and using the SF-424 R&R should refer to the Application Guide for SF-424 R&R (Research) for guidance.
| **State** | Unless otherwise defined in programmatic statute, any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and any agency or instrumentality thereof exclusive of local governments. State institutions of higher education and state hospitals are not considered state governments for purposes of the HHS general administrative requirements for grants and the HHS GPS. |
| **Subaward** | An award provided by a pass-through entity to a subrecipient for the subrecipient to carry out part of a federal award received by the pass-through entity. It does not include payments to a contractor or payments to an individual that is a beneficiary of a federal program. A subaward may be provided through any form of legal agreement, including an agreement that the pass-through entity considers a contract. The term includes consortium agreements. |
| **Subrecipient** | A non-federal entity that receives a subaward from a pass-through entity to carry out part of a federal program; but does not include an individual that is a beneficiary of such program. A subrecipient may also be a recipient of other federal awards directly from a federal awarding agency. |
| **Substantive Programmatic Work** | The primary project activities for which award support is provided. |
| **Supplies** | Personal property other than equipment, intangible property, and debt instruments. The category of "supplies" includes items that could be considered equipment, but do not meet the threshold definition. |
| **System for Award Management (SAM)** | The System for Award Management (SAM) replaced the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) (as of July 30, 2012) and is the central government repository for organizations working with the Federal Government. |
| **Tangible Property** | Equipment, supplies, and any other property other than that defined as intangible property. It also does not include copyrights, patents, and other intellectual property that is generated or developed (rather than acquired) under an award. |
| **Terms and Conditions of Award** | All legal requirements imposed on an award by HRSA, whether based on statute, regulation, policy, or other document referenced in the NoA, or specified by the NoA itself. In addition to general terms and conditions, the NoA may include other conditions that are considered necessary to attain the award’s objectives, facilitate post-award administration, conserve grant funds, or otherwise protect the Federal Government’s interests |
| **Third-Party In-Kind Contributions** | The value of non-cash contributions (*i.e.*, property or services) that benefit a federally assisted project or program and are contributed by non-federal third parties, without charge, to a non-federal entity under a federal award. In-kind contributions may be in the form of real property, equipment, supplies and other expendable property, and goods and services directly benefiting and specifically identifiable to the project or program. |
| **Total Project or Program Costs** | The total allowable costs (inclusive of direct and indirect costs) incurred by the recipient to carry out a grant-supported project or activity. Total project or program costs include costs charged to the award and costs borne by the recipient to satisfy a matching or cost-sharing requirement. |
| **Training Project** | A type of discretionary award support designed to provide student or staff training in techniques pertaining to research or the delivery of certain services.  

NOTE: Applicants applying for Training grants and using the SF-424 R&R should refer to the Application Guide for SF-424 R&R for guidance. |
| **Type 1** | Brand new HRSA award. Part of a coding system used by HRSA to make distinctions between awards. The award type is the first digit of the “Award No.” as indicated in Box 4a of the Notice of Award (NoA). Also see Competing Continuation (Type 2 award) and Competing Supplement (Type 3 award). |
| **Unique Entity Identifier** | Unique Entity Identifier is currently the Dun and Bradstreet Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number. The DUNS number is the unique entity identification number in use at HRSA.  
The DUNS number is required information for applicants and recipients in order to complete and maintain their registration in the System for Award Management (SAM).  
The Uniform Guidance references at 2 CFR § 25.315 – which describes the use of the DUNS number by federal award applicants and recipients. |

This list is not all-inclusive. Please refer to 45 CFR § 75.2 Definitions.
2.7. Acronyms

AO Authorizing Official
AOR Authorized Organization Representative
BPHC Bureau of Primary Health Care
BHW Bureau of Health Workforce
CCR Central Contractor Registration (now defunct)
CFDA Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance
CFR Code of Federal Regulations
CGMO Chief Grants Management Officer
CLAS Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services
DCA Division of Cost Allocation
DSO Digital Services Operation
DUNS Data Universal Numbering System
E-Biz POC E-Business Point of Contact
EHBs Electronic Handbooks
EIN Employer Identification Number
EO Executive Order
FAIN Federal Award Identification Number
FAQ Frequently Asked Questions
FAR Federal Acquisition Regulation
FFATA Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act
FOA Funding Opportunity Announcement
FORHP Federal Office of Rural Health Policy
FY Fiscal Year
F&A Facilities and Administration
GMO Grants Management Officer
GMS Grants Management Specialist
GPS Grants Policy Statement
HAB HIV/AIDS Bureau
HHS Health and Human Services
HRSA Health Resources and Services Administration
HSB Healthcare Systems Bureau
IE Internet Explorer
MCHB Maternal and Child Health Bureau
MPIN Marketing Partner ID Number
MTDC Modified Total Direct Cost
NCC Noncompeting Continuation
NHAS National HIV/AIDS Strategy
NoA Notice of Award
OFAM Office of Federal Assistance Management
OMB Office of Management and Budget
ORO Office of Regional Operations
OS Operating System
PC Program Contact
PD Project Director
3. **REGISTERING AND APPLYING THROUGH GRANTS.GOV**

HRSA *requires* you to apply electronically through Grants.gov.

HRSA suggests submitting applications to Grants.gov at least three days before the deadline to allow for any unforeseen circumstances.


Grants.gov requires registration and an annual update to the registration information. *If you do not complete the registration and update it annually, you will not be able to submit an application.*

A five-step registration process must be completed by every organization wishing to apply for a HRSA grant opportunity. The process will take anywhere from five business days to one month. *First-time applicants or those considering applying in the future should register immediately.* Registration with Grants.gov provides the representatives from the organization with the required credentials necessary to submit an application.

### 3.1. REGISTER – Applicant Organizations Must Obtain DUNS Number, Register with SAM and Grants.gov (if not already registered)

If you have already completed Grants.gov registration for HRSA or another federal agency, confirm that it is still active and that the Authorized Organization Representative (AOR) has been approved, then skip to the next section.

The Grants.gov registration process requires information in three separate systems:

- Dun and Bradstreet ([http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform/pages/CCRSearch.jsp](http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform/pages/CCRSearch.jsp))
- System for Award Management (SAM) ([https://www.sam.gov](https://www.sam.gov))
You will not be able to successfully submit an application or accept an award without active and accurate information in each system.

Registration information provided in these systems is verified among the Internal Revenue System, SAM, and Grants.gov. Therefore, registration information must be consistent in each of the three systems and must be updated annually in SAM. **If you do not complete the registration and update it annually, you will not be able to submit an application in Grants.gov and you will not be eligible for a deadline extension.**

If you need to register with Grants.gov, detailed registration information can be found on Grants.gov under the APPLICANTS tab as Applicant Resources: Organization Registration ([http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration.html](http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration.html)). These instructions will walk you through the following five basic registration steps:

**Step 1: Obtain a Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number**
A DUNS number is a unique nine-digit number that identifies an organization. It has been adopted by the Federal Government to help track how federal grant money is distributed. Ask your grant administrator or Chief Financial Officer to provide your organization’s DUNS Number. An organization may have more than one DUNS Number, so ensure consistent use of the appropriate organizational DUNS Number in SAM and Grants.gov. If your organization does not have a DUNS Number, you may request one online at [http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform](http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform) or call the Dun & Bradstreet hotline at 1-800-705-5711 (for the U.S. and U.S. Virgin Islands) or 1-800-234-3867 (for Puerto Rico) to receive one free of charge. Once you have completed the registration, your DUNS Number will be available the same day. Note: a missing or incorrect DUNS number is the primary reason for applications being "Rejected for Errors" by Grants.gov.

**Step 2: Register with the System for Award Management (SAM)**
The System for Award Management (SAM) replaced the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) (as of July 30, 2012) and is the central government repository for organizations working with the Federal Government. In SAM, you must designate the organization’s E-Business Point of Contact (E-Biz POC) who will create the organization’s Marketing Partner ID Number (MPIN) password. The E-Biz POC will use the MPIN to designate AORs through Grants.gov.

**Active SAM registration is a prerequisite to the successful submission of grant applications!**

You should monitor the following items:
- When does the SAM account expire?
- Does the organization need to complete the annual renewal of SAM registration?
• Who is the E-Business point of contact (E-Biz POC)? Is this person still with the organization?

To learn more about SAM, please visit https://www.sam.gov. View the SAM Video Tutorial for New Applicants created by the General Services Administration at http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mmHcKCchaiY. For help using SAM, contact the Service Desk at http://www.FSD.gov.

Note: SAM information must be updated at least every 12 months to remain active (for both awardees and sub-recipients). Annual updates take a minimum of one business day to take effect in Grants.gov. Grants.gov will reject submissions from applicants with expired registrations. Do not wait until the last minute to register in SAM. As stated in the SAM Quick Start Guide for Grant Registrations (https://www.sam.gov/sam/transcript/Quick_Guide_for_Grants_Registrations.pdf): “Please give yourself plenty of time before your grant application submission deadline. Allow up to 7-10 business days after you submit before your registration is active in SAM, then an additional 24 hours for Grants.gov to recognize your information.” The SAM registration must be active before you can proceed to step 3. Therefore, check for active registration well before the application deadline.

If you fail to allow ample time to complete registration with SAM or Grants.gov, you will not be eligible for a deadline extension or waiver of the electronic submission requirement.

Check to see if your organization is already registered at the SAM Web site. If your organization is not registered, identify the primary contact who should register your organization. Visit the SAM Web site at http://www.sam.gov to register online or call 1-888-606-8220 to register by phone. SAM registration must be renewed annually. Before registering, you should review the SAM User Guide at https://www.sam.gov/sam/transcript/System_for_Award_Managementv3.3.pdf. If after having registered in SAM, you experience any registration problems, you can get help from the Federal Service Desk at https://www.fsd.gov.

You must designate the organization’s E-Biz POC who will create the organization’s Marketing Partner ID Number (MPIN) password. The E-Biz POC will use the MPIN to designate AORs through Grants.gov.

If your organization is registered in SAM, ensure that you renew your SAM registration yearly. If SAM registration expires, you will not be able to apply for or receive funding.

Step 3: Creating a Username & Password
• After the SAM registration is complete, return to Grants.gov to establish an Authorized Organization Representative (AOR). Only an AOR is authorized to submit grant applications for your organization.
• AORs must create a short profile and obtain a username and password from the Grants.gov Credential Provider.
• AORs will only be authorized for the DUNS number registered in the Grants.gov profile.

**Step 4: AOR Authorization**
• The E-Biz POC uses the DUNS number and MPIN to authorize your AOR status.
• Only the E-Biz POC may authorize AORs.
• Only approved/authorized AORs may submit on behalf of an organization.
• AORs that have not been approved by the E-Biz POC will not be able to submit applications through Grants.gov.

**Step 5: Track AOR Status**
• Using your username and password from Step 3, go to Grants.gov under Applicant Login to check your AOR status at [https://apply07.grants.gov/apply/login.faces](https://apply07.grants.gov/apply/login.faces).

Allow for extra time if you do not have a Tax Identification Number (TIN) or Employer Identification Number (EIN). SAM validates the EIN against Internal Revenue Service records, a step that will take an additional one to five business days.


Please direct questions regarding Grants.gov registration to the Grants.gov Call Center at 1-800-518-4726 (International callers, please dial 606-545-5035). Call Center hours of operation are 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, excluding federal holidays. When contacting Grants.gov you should always obtain a case number. You may also receive assistance via email at support@grants.gov or access the Grants.gov Self-Service Knowledge Base at [https://grants-portal.psc.gov/Welcome.aspx](https://grants-portal.psc.gov/Welcome.aspx).

**NOTE:** It is HIGHLY recommended that this registration process is completed at least TWO WEEKS prior to the submittal date of your organization’s first Grants.gov submission.

### 3.2. APPLY - Apply through Grants.gov

The application will be one of three announcement types indicated on the cover of the FOA: new, competing continuation, and competing supplement. All competing applications are submitted electronically to HRSA through Grants.gov using the Application for Federal Assistance SF-424 form.**

**If you are applying for Research or Training awards that require the SF-424 Research and Related (R&R) application package, you must refer to HRSA’s SF-424 R&R Application Guide for guidance.

3.2.1. Find Funding Opportunity
If you are submitting a competing application, search for the announcement in Grants.gov by clicking the SEARCH GRANTS tab (http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/search-grants.html), entering the FOA number and then selecting the announcement for which you wish to apply. Refer to the FOA for eligibility criteria.

If you are an existing awardee and are submitting a competing continuation or competing supplement application, search for the announcement under the APPLICANTS tab under Apply for Grants (http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/apply-for-grants.html). Enter the announcement number provided in the field, Funding Opportunity Number. (Example announcement number: HRSA-16-001.)

3.2.2. Download Application Package
Download the application package and instructions. Application packages are posted in Adobe Reader format. To ensure that you can view the application package and instructions, you should download and install the Adobe Reader application. The application package will be saved to your computer, completed offline, and then uploaded to Grants.gov at the time of submission.

For more information on using Adobe Reader, refer to Section 8.1.2.

- **NOTE:** Please review the system requirements for Adobe Reader at http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/support/technical-support/recommended-software.html.

3.2.3. Complete the Grant Application Package
Complete the application using both the built-in instructions and the instructions provided in the FOA. You may complete the application offline – you are not required to be connected to the Internet. Ensure that you save a copy of the application on your computer. For assistance with program guidance related questions, please contact the Program Contact (PC) listed in Section VII of the FOA. For assistance with budget or other administrative related questions, please contact the Grants Management Specialist (GMS) listed in Section VII of the FOA.
NOTE: Awardees with competing continuations and competing supplements should provide their 10-digit grant number [box 4b from the NoA] in the Federal Award Identifier field (box 5b in SF-424).

3.2.4. Submit a Completed Application Package
Once you have downloaded the application package, completed all required forms, and attached all required documents—click the “Check Package for Errors” button and make any necessary corrections.

- In Adobe Reader, click on the “Save and Submit” button when you have done all of the above and are ready to send your completed application to Grants.gov.

Review the provided application summary to confirm that the application will be submitted to the program for which you wish to apply. **If you submit an application to the wrong announcement number, you must apply to the correct announcement number on or before the posted deadline.** To submit, the AOR must login to Grants.gov and enter their username and password. Note: the same DUNS number, AOR username, and password must be used to complete and submit your application. Once you have logged in, your application package will automatically be uploaded to Grants.gov. A confirmation screen will appear once the upload is complete. Note that a Grants.gov Tracking Number will be provided on this screen (GRANTXXXXX). Please record this number so that you may refer to it for all subsequent help.

Please direct questions regarding application submission to the Grants.gov Call Center at 1-800-518-4726 (International callers, please dial 606-545-5035). Call Center hours of operation are 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, excluding federal holidays.

**NOTE:** The AOR must be connected to the Internet and must have a Grants.gov username and password associated with the correct DUNS number in order to submit the application package.

3.2.5. Verify Status of Application in Grants.gov
Once Grants.gov has received your submission, Grants.gov will send email messages to the Project Director (PD), **Authorized Organizational Representative (AOR)**, and the Point of Contact (POC) listed in the application advising of the progress of the application through the system. You will receive up to four emails. The first will confirm receipt of your application by the Grants.gov system (“Received”), and the second will indicate that the application has either been successfully validated (“Validated”) by the system prior to transmission to the grantor agency or has been rejected due to errors (“Rejected with Errors”). **An application for HRSA funding must be both received and validated by Grants.gov by the application deadline.**

Upon submission, Grants.gov will attempt to validate the application. This validation ensures that the AOR has submitted the application and that all required standard forms are complete and have the correct type of information in them. Grants.gov will also
validate that your SAM registration is current. Grants.gov will not validate application content, attachments, page limit, or your organization’s eligibility.

If your application is rejected due to an error, you must correct the application and resubmit it to Grants.gov before the posted deadline. The full verification process may take hours to days, therefore, you need to allow plenty of time. If you are unable to resubmit because the opportunity has since closed, you must follow the instructions in Section 3.6 to request a waiver.

You can check the status of your application(s) any time after submission by visiting Grants.gov’s Track My Application page at http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/track-my-application.html. This link will also be included in the confirmation email that you receive from Grants.gov.

If there are no errors, the application will be downloaded by HRSA. Upon successful download to HRSA, the status of the application will change to “Received by Agency” and the contacts listed in the application will receive a third email from Grants.gov. Once your application is received by HRSA, it will be processed to ensure that the application is submitted for the correct funding announcement, with the correct grant number (if applicable), and applicant/awardee organization. Upon this processing, which is expected to take up to two to three business days, HRSA will assign a unique tracking number to your application. This tracking number will be posted to Grants.gov and the status of your application will be changed to “Agency Tracking Number Assigned.” You will receive the fourth email in which Grants.gov will provide the Agency Tracking Number. Record the Agency tracking number and use it for all correspondence with HRSA.

3.3. Receipt Acknowledgement

In summary, upon receipt of an application, Grants.gov will send a series of email messages to document the progress of an application through the system.

1) The first will confirm receipt in the system;
2) The second will indicate whether the application has been successfully validated or has been rejected due to errors;
3) The third will be sent when the application has been successfully downloaded at HRSA; and
4) The fourth will notify you of the Agency Tracking Number assigned to the application.

If you are trying to track your application and you have not received any emails from Grants.gov, be sure to check your spam folder. Sometimes the emails from Grants.gov are blocked by your email service.
3.4. Tracking Your Application

It is incumbent on you to track your application by using the Grants.gov tracking number (GRANTXXXXXXXX) provided in the confirmation email from Grants.gov. More information about tracking an application can be found at http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/track-my-application.html. Be sure the application is validated by Grants.gov (under the correct funding opportunity number) prior to the application deadline.

3.5. Late Applications

Applications which do not meet the criteria as outlined in Section IV of the FOA will be considered late applications and will not be considered in the current competition.

3.6. Requesting a Waiver from the Electronic Submission Requirement

HRSA requires you to apply electronically through Grants.gov and have the application validated under the correct funding opportunity number on or before the deadline date and time. The registration and application process protects you against fraud and ensures that only authorized representatives from an organization can submit an application. You are responsible for maintaining these registrations, which should be completed well in advance of submitting an application. You must submit in this manner unless they obtain a written exemption from this requirement, within five calendar days of the opportunity’s closing date, by the Director of HRSA’s Division of Grants Policy.

You must request an exemption in writing from DGPWaivers@hrsa.gov, and provide details as to why you are technologically unable to submit electronically through the Grants.gov portal. If requesting a waiver from the electronic submission requirements, include the following in the e-mail request: the HRSA announcement number for which the organization is seeking relief; the organization’s name, address, and telephone number; the organization’s DUNS number; the name, address, and telephone number of the PD; as well as the Grants.gov Tracking Number (GRANTXXXXXXXX) assigned to the submission along with a copy of the “Rejected with Errors” notification as received from Grants.gov, if applicable. If case numbers were given from calling Grants.gov, please include those as well. HRSA’s Division of Grants Policy is the only office authorized to grant waivers.

HRSA and its Digital Services Operation (DSO) will only accept paper applications from applicants that received prior written approval. However, the application must still be validated by the deadline. Suggestion: submit application to Grants.gov at least three days before the deadline to allow for any unforeseen circumstances.
HRSA is very strict on adhering to application deadlines and electronic submission requirements. Deadline extensions will not be granted for Grants.gov verification errors, last-minute registration, or submission errors on your part. The CGMO or designee may consider an extension of published deadlines or allowance of a submission outside of the Grants.gov system, when justified by circumstances such as natural disasters (e.g., floods or hurricanes), other disruptions of services, such as a prolonged blackout, or in the rare event of a validated technical issue on the side of the government that prevented you from applying before the deadline. The CGMO or designee will determine the affected geographical area(s).

4. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR APPLICATION SUBMISSION

HRSA requires you to apply electronically through Grants.gov. You must download the SF-424 application package associated with the funding opportunity following the directions provided at Grants.gov.

The following instructions are applicable to all submissions unless otherwise noted in the relevant FOA. Failure to follow the instructions may make your application non-responsive. Non-responsive applications will not be given any consideration and the particular applicants will be notified. It is mandatory to follow the instructions provided to ensure that your application can be printed efficiently and consistently for review.

4.1. Instructions for Completing the SF-424

i. Application Face Page
Complete Application Form SF-424 provided with the application package. Prepare according to instructions provided in the form itself.

Important note for applicants using SF-424:
- Enter the name of the Project Director in 8. f. “Name and contact information of person to be contacted on matters involving this application.” If, for any reason, the PD will be out of the office, please ensure the email Out of Office Assistant is set so HRSA will be aware if any issues arise with the application and a timely response is required.
- Enter the amount requested during the first budget period in item 18 a.

DUNS Number
Your organization (and subrecipients of HRSA award funds) is required to have a DUNS number in order to apply for a grant or cooperative agreement from the Federal Government. Please include the DUNS number in form SF-424 - item 8c on the application face page. Applications will not be reviewed without a DUNS number. Note: A missing or incorrect DUNS number is the number one reason for applications being “Rejected for Errors” by Grants.gov. HRSA will not extend the deadline for applications with a missing or incorrect DUNS number. You should take care in entering the correct DUNS number in the application.
Additionally, your organization (and any subrecipient of HRSA award funds) is required to register annually with SAM in order to conduct electronic business with the Federal Government. SAM registration must be maintained with current, accurate information at all times during which an entity has an active award or an application or plan under consideration by HRSA. It is extremely important to verify that your organization’s SAM registration is active and the Marketing Partner ID Number (MPIN) is current. Organizations will not be able to submit an application or accept an award if SAM registration is not complete and accurate. Information about registering with SAM can be found at https://www.sam.gov.

**CFDA Number**
The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) Number, as listed on the cover of the FOA, is prepopulated in box 11 of the form.

**ii. Intergovernmental Review (Executive Order (EO) 12372)**
If an FOA is subject to EO 12372, “Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs,” or not it will be stated in Section IV.5. Intergovernmental Review of the FOA. Please refer to #19 on the SF-424.

If intergovernmental review applies, the following language will appear in the FOA:

PROGRAM NAME is a program subject to the provisions of Executive Order (EO) 12372, as implemented by 45 CFR part 100. See Executive Order 12372 in the HHS Grants Policy Statement.

EO 12372 allows States the option of setting up a system for reviewing applications from within their States for assistance under certain federal programs. Information on States that have chosen to set up such a review system and corresponding State Points of Contact may be obtained from the following Web site: http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/grants_spoc.

All applicants other than federally recognized Native American tribes or tribal organizations should contact their SPOC as early as possible to alert them to the prospective applications and receive any necessary instructions on the state’s process used under this EO.

**iii. Table of Contents**
The application should be presented in the order of the Table of Contents provided in Section 4.3 of this SF-424 Application Guide. Again, for electronic applications no table of contents is necessary as it will be generated by the system. (Note: the Table of Contents will not be counted in the page limit.)
iv. Budget

Note: the directions here may differ from those offered by Grants.gov. Please follow the instructions included in the program-specific FOA and the instructions below when completing the project budget forms.

Reminder: The Total Project or Program Costs are the total allowable costs (inclusive of direct and indirect costs) incurred by the recipient to carry out a HRSA-supported project or activity. Total project or program costs include costs charged to the award and costs borne by the recipient to satisfy a matching or cost-sharing requirement, as applicable.

Classification of Costs:
There is no universal rule for classifying certain costs as either direct or indirect (F&A) under every accounting system. A cost may be direct with respect to some specific service or function, but indirect with respect to the federal award or other final cost objective. Therefore, it is essential that each item of cost incurred for the same purpose be treated consistently in like circumstances either as a direct or an indirect (F&A) cost in order to avoid possible double-charging of federal awards. Guidelines for determining direct and indirect (F&A) costs charged to federal awards are provided in 45 CFR part 75, subpart E.

For multi-year non-construction projects:
Please complete Sections A – F of the SF-424A Budget Information – Non-Construction Programs form included with the application kit for each year of the project period. The budget period is for ONE year. However, you must submit one-year budgets for each of the subsequent budget periods within the requested project period at the time of application. In Section A use rows 1 - 4 to provide the budget amounts for the first four years of the project. Please enter the amounts in the “New or Revised Budget” column- not the “Estimated Unobligated Funds” column. In Section B 6. Object Class Categories of the SF-424A, provide the object class category breakdown (i.e., line item budget) for each year of the project period specified in Section A. In Section B, use column (1) to provide category amounts for year 1 and use columns (2) through (4), if applicable, for subsequent budget years. If applicable for year 5, please submit a copy of Section B of the SF-424A as an Attachment (specific attachment number will be listed in the FOA- not counted in the page limit).

Section C – Non-Federal Resources: complete only if Section III. 2. Cost Sharing/Matching of the FOA indicates that cost sharing/matching is required. Lines 8-11 correspond to the first four years of the project. If applicable for year 5, please submit a copy of Section C of the SF-424A as an Attachment (specific attachment number will be listed in the FOA).

Section D – Forecasted Cash Needs: If no cost sharing/matching is required, complete only line 13. Federal, the first column titled “Total for 1st Year.” If cost sharing/matching is required, please complete all three lines 13. Federal, 14. Non-
Federal and 15. Total (Sum of lines 13 and 14), the first column titled “Total for 1st Year.”

Section E – Budget Estimates of Federal Funds Needed for Balance of the Project: Complete line 16. of the Future Funding Periods columns for the outyears, with (b) First being the 2nd year, (c) Second being the 3rd year, etc.

Section F – Other Budget Information Complete as appropriate.

If the FOA notes that the program is subject to the General Provisions of P.L. 114-113, the following Salary Limitation applies:

**Salary Limitation:**
The General Provisions in Division H, § 202, of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016 (P.L. 114-113), includes provisions for a salary rate limitation. The law limits the salary amount that may be awarded and charged to HRSA grants and cooperative agreements. Award funds may not be used to pay the salary of an individual at a rate in excess of Executive Level II. The Executive Level II salary of the Federal Executive Pay scale is $185,100. This amount reflects an individual’s base salary exclusive of fringe and any income that an individual may be permitted to earn outside of the duties to your organization. This salary limitation also applies to subrecipients under a HRSA grant or cooperative agreement. Note that these or other salary limitations will apply in FY 2017, as required by law.

As an example of the application of this limitation: If an individual’s base salary is $255,000 per year plus fringe benefits of 25% ($63,750) and that individual is devoting 50%/half of their time to this award, their base salary should be adjusted to $185,100 plus fringe at 25% of half this amount ($23,137.50) and a total of $115,687.50 may be included in the project budget and charged to the award for salary/fringe benefits for that individual. See the breakdown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Individual’s actual base full time salary: $255,000</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50% of time will be devoted to project</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct salary</td>
<td>$127,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fringe (25% of salary)</td>
<td>$31,875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$159,375</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Amount that may be claimed on the application budget due to the legislative salary limitation:**

Individual’s base full time salary adjusted to Executive Level II: $185,100

50% of time will be devoted to the project

| Direct salary | $92,550  |
| Fringe (25% of salary) | $23,137.50 |
| Total amount   | $115,687.50 |
**Funding Restrictions (in general)**

You may request no more than the ceiling amount listed in Section II.2. Summary of Funding and Section IV.6. Funding Restrictions of the FOA. Awards to support projects beyond the first budget year will be contingent upon Congressional appropriation, satisfactory progress in meeting the project’s objectives, and a determination that continued funding would be in the best interest of the Federal Government.

The governing cost principles address selected items of cost. The FOA specifies unallowable costs that apply to each funding opportunity. The following list of unallowable costs is not intended to be all-inclusive. The cost principles should be consulted for the complete explanation of the allowability or unallowability of costs they address. For the full list of cost principles refer to Section 2.3 “Compliance Requirements at a Glance” to see which cost principles apply to your organization and refer to Subpart E – Cost Principles at 45 CFR part 75. The allowability of costs under individual HRSA awards also may be governed by requirements specified in the program legislation, regulations, or the specific terms and conditions of the award, which will take precedence over the general information provided here.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Advertising and Public Relations</td>
<td>Conditionally allowable. See 45 CFR § 75.421 for details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advisory Councils</td>
<td>Costs incurred by advisory councils or committees are unallowable <strong>unless</strong> authorized by statute, the HHS awarding agency or as an indirect cost where allocable to federal awards. See 45 CFR § 75.444, applicable to states, local governments and Indian Tribes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcoholic Beverages</td>
<td>Unallowable as an entertainment expense.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bad Debts</td>
<td>Unallowable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entertainment Costs</td>
<td>Conditionally unallowable. This includes the cost of amusements, social activities, and related incidental costs. 45 CFR § 75.438 clarifies when entertainment costs may be charged to a federal award with prior approval.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fundraising Costs</td>
<td>Unallowable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honoraria</td>
<td>Unallowable when the primary intent is to confer distinction on, or to symbolize respect, esteem, or admiration for, the recipient of the honorarium. A payment for services rendered, such as a speaker’s fee under a conference grant, is allowable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invention, Patent, or Licensing Costs</td>
<td>Unallowable as a direct cost unless specifically authorized in the NoA. May be allowable as indirect costs provided they are authorized under applicable cost principles and are</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
included in the negotiation of indirect cost rates. Such costs include licensing or option fees, attorney’s fees for preparing or submitting patent applications, and fees paid to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office for patent application, patent maintenance, or recordation of patent-related information.

### Lobbying

Generally unallowable, including costs of lobbying activities to influence the introduction, enactment, or modification of legislation by the U.S. Congress or a state legislature. Under certain circumstances, as provided in the applicable cost principles, costs associated with activities that might otherwise be considered “lobbying” that are directly related to the performance of a grant or cooperative agreement may be allowable. The recipient should obtain an advance understanding with the GMS if it intends to engage in these activities. See “Restriction on Lobbying” below and at 45 CFR § 75.450 for additional descriptions and examples of prohibited activities. View a webinar on “The Ins and Outs of Lobbying for HRSA Grantees” at [http://services.choruscall.com/links/hrsa141028.html](http://services.choruscall.com/links/hrsa141028.html).

### Meals

Generally unallowable except for the following:

- Subjects and patients under study
- Where specifically approved as part of the project or program activity, e.g., in programs providing children’s services
- When an organization customarily provides meals to employees working beyond the normal workday, as a part of a formal compensation arrangement
- As part of a per diem or subsistence allowance provided in conjunction with allowable travel. Under a conference grant, when meals are a necessary and integral part of a conference, provided that meal costs are not duplicated in participants’ per diem or subsistence allowances.

Guest meals are not allowable. (See “Consumer/Provider Board Participation” in the HHS GPS regarding the allowability of the cost of meals for consumer and provider board participants in federal award-supported activities.)

### Pre-award Costs

Costs incurred prior to the effective date of the sponsored agreement, whether or not they would have been allowable thereunder if incurred after such date, are unallowable unless approved by the federal agency or authorized under expanded authority.
Where authorized by the sponsoring agency as an expanded authority, a recipient may, at its own risk and without sponsoring agency prior approval, incur obligations and expenditures to cover costs up to (and including) 90 days before the beginning date of the initial budget period of a new or competing continuation award if such costs

- are necessary to conduct the project or program, and
- would be allowable under the grant or cooperative agreement, if awarded.

However, even if authorized as an expanded authority, if a specific expenditure would otherwise require prior approval, the cost or activity must meet the same tests of allowability as if incurred after award.

If not authorized as part of expanded authorities, the applicant/recipient must seek sponsoring agency prior approval before incurring pre-award costs. Sponsoring agency prior approval is required for any costs to be incurred more than 90 days before the beginning date of the initial budget period of a new or competing continuation award.

Promotional Items (SWAG) Promotional items and memorabilia (SWAG e.g., pencils, cups, t-shirts, cookbooks, bags, etc.), gifts, and souvenirs designed to promote the recipient’s organization are unallowable as advertising/public relations costs.

**Funding Restrictions:** If the FOA notes that the program is subject to the General Provisions of P.L. 114-113, the following legislative mandates are in effect:

1. Salary Limitation (Section 202)
2. Gun Control (Section 210)
3. Anti-Lobbying (Section 503)
4. Acknowledgment of Federal Funding (Section 505)
5. Restriction on Abortions (Section 506)
6. Exceptions to Restriction on Abortions (Section 507)
7. Ban on Funding Human Embryo Research (Section 508)
8. Limit on Use of Funds for Promotion of Legalization of Controlled Substances (Section 509)

9. Dissemination of False or Misleading Information (Section (515(b))

10. Restriction on Distribution of Sterile Needles (Section 520)

11. Restriction of Pornography on Computer Networks (Section 521)

12. Restriction on Funding ACORN (Section 522)

Details:

1. Salary Limitation (Section 202)

"None of the funds appropriated in this title shall be used to pay the salary of an individual, through a grant or other extramural mechanism, at a rate in excess of Executive Level II."

The Executive Level II salary increased to $185,100 effective January 10, 2016.

This amount reflects an individual’s base salary exclusive of fringe and any income that an individual may be permitted to earn outside of the duties to the applicant organization. This salary limitation also applies to subawards/subcontracts under an HRSA grant or cooperative agreement.

2. Gun Control (Section 210)

“None of the funds made available in this title may be used, in whole or in part, to advocate or promote gun control.”

3. Anti-Lobbying (Section 503)

“ (a) No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or transferred pursuant to section 4002 of Public Law 111–148 shall be used, other than for normal and recognized executive legislative relationships, for publicity or propaganda purposes, for the preparation, distribution, or use of any kit, pamphlet, booklet, publication, electronic communication, radio, television, or video presentation designed to support or defeat the enactment of legislation before the Congress or any State or local legislature or legislative body, except in presentation to the
Congress or any State or local legislature itself, or designed to support or defeat any proposed or pending regulation, administrative action, or order issued by the executive branch of any State or local government, except in presentation to the executive branch of any State or local government itself.

(b) No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or transferred pursuant to section 4002 of Public Law 111–148 shall be used to pay the salary or expenses of any grant or contract recipient, or agent acting for such recipient, related to any activity designed to influence the enactment of legislation, appropriations, regulation, administrative action, or Executive order proposed or pending before the Congress or any State government, State legislature or local legislature or legislative body, other than for normal and recognized executive-legislative relationships or participation by an agency or officer of a State, local or tribal government in policymaking and administrative processes within the executive branch of that government.

(c) The prohibitions in subsections (a) and (b) shall include any activity to advocate or promote any proposed, pending or future Federal, State or local tax increase, or any proposed, pending, or future requirement or restriction on any legal consumer product, including its sale or marketing, including but not limited to the advocacy or promotion of gun control.

4. Acknowledgment of Federal Funding (Section 505)

"When issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposals, bid solicitations and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with Federal money, all grantees receiving Federal funds included in this Act, including but not limited to State and local governments and recipients of Federal research grants, shall clearly state – (1) the percentage of the total costs of the program or project which will be financed with Federal money; (2) the dollar amount of Federal funds for the project or program; and (3) percentage and dollar amount of the total costs of the project or program that will be financed by non-governmental sources."
5. Restriction on Abortions (Section 506)

“(a) None of the funds appropriated in this Act, and none of the funds in any trust fund to which funds are appropriated in this Act, shall be expended for any abortion.

(b) None of the funds appropriated in this Act, and none of the funds in any trust fund to which funds are appropriated in this Act, shall be expended for health benefits coverage that includes coverage of abortion.

(c) The term “health benefits coverage” means the package of services covered by a managed care provider or organization pursuant to a contract or other arrangement.”

6. Exceptions to Restriction on Abortions (Section 507)

“(a) The limitations established in the preceding section shall not apply to an abortion – (1) if the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest; or (2) in the case where a woman suffers from a physical disorder, physical injury, or physical illness, including a life-endangering physical condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy itself, that would, as certified by a physician, place the woman in danger of death unless an abortion is performed.

(b) Nothing in the preceding section shall be construed as prohibiting the expenditure by a State, locality, entity, or private person of State, local, or private funds (other than a State’s or locality’s contribution of Medicaid matching funds).

(c) Nothing in the preceding section shall be construed as restricting the ability of any managed care provider from offering abortion coverage or the ability of a State or locality to contract separately with such a provider for such coverage with State funds (other than a State’s or locality’s contribution of Medicaid matching funds).

(d)(1) None of the funds made available in this Act may be made available to a Federal agency or program, or to a State or local government, if such agency, program, or government subjects any institutional or individual health care entity to discrimination on the basis that the health care entity does not provide, pay for, provide coverage of, or refer for abortions.
(d)(2) In this subsection, the term “health care entity” includes an individual physician or other health care professional, a hospital, a provider-sponsored organization, a health maintenance organization, a health insurance plan, or any other kind of health care facility, organization, or plan.”

7. Ban on Funding of Human Embryo Research (Section 508)

“(a) None of the funds made available in this Act may be used for – (1) the creation of a human embryo or embryos for research purposes; or (2) research in which a human embryo or embryos are destroyed, discarded, or knowingly subjected to risk of injury or death greater than that allowed for research on fetuses in utero under 45 CFR 46.204(b) and section 498(b) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 289g(b)).

(b) For purposes of this section, the term “human embryo or embryos” includes any organism, not protected as a human subject under 45 CFR 46 as of the date of the enactment of this Act, that is derived by fertilization, parthenogenesis, cloning, or any other means from one or more human gametes or human diploid cells.

8. Limitation on Use of Funds for Promotion of Legalization of Controlled Substances (Section 509)

"(a) None of the funds made available in this Act may be used for any activity that promotes the legalization of any drug or other substance included in schedule I of the schedules of controlled substances established under section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act except for normal and recognized executive-congressional communications.

(b) The limitation in subsection (a) shall not apply when there is significant medical evidence of a therapeutic advantage to the use of such drug or other substance or that federally sponsored clinical trials are being conducted to determine therapeutic advantage."
9. Dissemination of False or Deliberately Misleading Scientific Information (Section 515(b))

“None of the funds made available in this Act may be used to disseminate information that is deliberately false or misleading.”

10. Restriction on Distribution of Sterile Needles (Section 520)

“Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no funds appropriated in this Act shall be used to purchase sterile needles or syringes for the hypodermic injection of any illegal drug: Provided, That such limitation does not apply to the use of funds for elements of a program other than making such purchases if the relevant State or local health department, in consultation with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, determines that the State or local jurisdiction, as applicable, is experiencing, or is at risk for, a significant increase in hepatitis infections or an HIV outbreak due to injection drug use, and such program is operating in accordance with State and local law.”

11. Restriction of Pornography on Computer Networks (Section 521)

“(a) None of the funds made available in this Act may be used to maintain or establish a computer network unless such network blocks the viewing, downloading, and exchanging of pornography.

(b) Nothing in subsection (a) shall limit the use of funds necessary for any Federal, State, tribal, or local law enforcement agency or any other entity carrying out criminal investigations, prosecution, or adjudication activities.”

12. Restrictions on Funding ACORN (Section 522)

“None of the funds made available under this or any other Act, or any prior Appropriations Act, may be provided to the Association of Community Organizations for Reform Now (ACORN), or any of its affiliates, subsidiaries, allied organizations, or successors.”
v. **Budget Narrative**

Provide a budget narrative that explains the amounts requested for each line of the budget in Section B. 6. Object Class Categories. The budget narrative should specifically describe how each item will support the achievement of proposed objectives. Be very careful about showing how each item in the “other” category is justified. For subsequent budget years, the narrative should highlight the changes from year one or clearly indicate that there are no substantive budget changes during the project period. Do NOT use the budget narrative to expand the project narrative.

**Budget for Multi-Year Award (project periods vary, maximum of five years)**

FOAs invite applications for project periods of one to up to five years. Generally, awards, on a competitive basis, will be for a one-year budget period; although the project period may be up to five years. Submission and HRSA approval of the [Progress Report](#) (s) and any other required submission or reports is the basis for the budget period renewal and release of subsequent year funds. Funding beyond the one-year budget period but within the multi-year project period is subject to availability of funds, satisfactory progress of the awardee, and a determination that continued funding would be in the best interest of the Federal Government.

In addition to requirements included in the program-specific FOA, include the following in the Budget Narrative:

**Personnel Costs:** Personnel costs should be explained by listing each staff member who will be supported from funds, name (if possible), position title, percentage of full-time equivalency, and annual salary. If the FOA notes that the program is subject to the General Provisions of P.L. 114-113, the following applies: Reminder: Award funds may not be used to pay the salary of an individual at a rate in excess of Executive Level II or $185,100. An individual’s base salary, per se, is NOT constrained by the legislative provision for a limitation of salary. The rate limitation simply limits the amount that may be awarded and charged to HRSA grants and cooperative agreements. Please provide an individual’s actual base salary if it exceeds the cap. See the sample below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position Title</th>
<th>% of FTE</th>
<th>Annual Salary</th>
<th>Amount Requested</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J. Smith</td>
<td>Chief Executive Officer</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>$185,100*</td>
<td>$92,550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R. Doe</td>
<td>Nurse Practitioner</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>$75,950</td>
<td>$75,950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Jones</td>
<td>Data/AP Specialist</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>$33,000</td>
<td>$8,250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Actual annual salary = $255,000

**Fringe Benefits:** List the components that comprise the fringe benefit rate, for example health insurance, taxes, unemployment insurance, life insurance, retirement plans, and tuition reimbursement. The fringe benefits should be directly proportional to that portion of personnel costs that are allocated for the
project. If the FOA notes that the program is subject to the General Provisions of P.L. 114-113, the following applies: If an individual’s base salary exceeds the legislative salary cap (i.e., $185,100), adjust fringe proportionally.

*Travel:* List travel costs according to local and long distance travel. For local travel, the mileage rate, number of miles, reason for travel and staff member/consumers completing the travel should be outlined. The budget should also reflect the travel expenses (e.g., airfare, lodging, parking, per diem, etc.) for each person and trip associated with participating in meetings and other proposed trainings or workshops. Name the traveler(s) if possible, describe the purpose of the travel, provide number of trips involved, the destinations, and the number of individuals for whom funds are requested.

*Equipment:* List equipment costs and provide justification for the need of the equipment to carry out the program’s goals. Extensive justification and a detailed status of current equipment must be provided when requesting funds for the purchase of items that meet the definition of equipment (a unit cost of $5,000 or more and a useful life of one or more years). For example, items like computers and furniture.

*Supplies:* List the items that the project will use to implement the proposed project. Separate items into three categories: office supplies (e.g., paper, pencils), medical supplies (e.g., syringes, blood tubes, gloves), and educational supplies (e.g., brochures, videos). Remember, they must be listed separately.

Per Subpart D 2 CFR § 200.314 (as codified by HHS at 45 CFR § 75.321), Property will be classified as supplies if the acquisition cost is under $5,000. Note that items such as laptops, tablets, and desktop computers are classified as a supply if the value is under the $5,000 equipment threshold.

*Contractual/Subawards/Consortium/Consultant:* Provide a clear explanation as to the purpose of each contract/subaward, how the costs were estimated, and the specific contract/subaward deliverables. You are responsible for ensuring that your organization or institution has in place an established and adequate procurement system with fully developed written procedures for awarding and monitoring all contracts/subawards. Reminder: recipients must notify potential subrecipients that entities receiving subawards must be registered in SAM and provide the recipient with their DUNS number. For consultant services, list the total costs for all consultant services. In the budget narrative, identify each consultant, the services he/she will perform, total number of days, travel costs, and total estimated costs.

Per the Suspension and Debarment rules in the Uniform Guidance, as implemented by HRSA at 45 CFR § 75.212, non-federal entities and contractors are subject to the non-procurement debarment and suspension regulations implementing Executive Orders 12549 and 12689, 2 CFR parts 180 and 376.
These regulations restrict awards, subawards and contracts with certain parties that are debarred, suspended or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in federal assistance programs or activities.

*Other:* Include all costs that do not fit into any other category into this category and provide an explanation of each cost in this category. In some cases, rent, utilities and insurance fall under this category if they are not included in an approved indirect cost rate.

You may include the cost of access accommodations as part of their project’s budget, including sign interpreters, plain language and health literate print materials in alternate formats (including Braille, large print, etc.); and cultural/linguistic competence modifications such as use of cultural brokers, translation or interpretation services at meetings, clinical encounters, and conferences, etc.

**Indirect Costs:** Indirect costs are those costs incurred for common or joint objectives which cannot be readily and specifically identified with a particular project or program but are necessary to the operations of the organization, e.g., the cost of operating and maintaining facilities, depreciation, and administrative salaries. For some institutions, the term “facilities and administration” is used to denote indirect costs. If your organization does not have an indirect cost rate, you may wish to obtain one through HHS’s Division of Cost Allocation (DCA). Visit DCA’s website at [https://rates.psc.gov/](https://rates.psc.gov/) to learn more about rate agreements, the process for applying for them, and the regional offices which negotiate them. If indirect costs are included in the budget, please attach a copy of the indirect cost rate agreement. If the indirect cost rate agreement is required per the FOA, it will not count toward the page limit. Any non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate, (except a governmental department or agency unit that receives more than $35 million in direct federal funding) may elect to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs (MTDC) which may be used indefinitely. If chosen, this methodology once elected must be used consistently for all federal awards until such time as a non-federal entity chooses to negotiate for a rate, which the non-federal entity may apply to do at any time.

**vi. Staffing Plan and Personnel Requirements**
You must present a staffing plan and provide a justification for the plan that includes education and experience qualifications and rationale for the amount of time being requested for each staff position. Position descriptions that include the roles, responsibilities, and qualifications of proposed project staff must be included in the Attachment specified in the FOA. Biographical sketches for any key employed personnel that will be assigned to work on the proposed project must be included in the Attachment specified in the FOA. When applicable, biographical sketches should include training, language fluency and experience working with the cultural and linguistically diverse populations that are served by their programs.
vii. Assurances
Complete Application Form SF-424B Assurances – Non-Construction Programs.

If research involving human subjects is anticipated, you must meet the requirements of the HHS regulations to protect human subjects from research risks as specified in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 45 – Public Welfare, Part 46 – Protection of Human Subjects (45 CFR part 46), available online at http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/humansubjects/guidance/45cfr46.html.

If research involving human subjects is anticipated, you must hold a Federal Wide Assurance (FWA) of compliance from the Office of Human Research Protections (OHRP) prior to award. You must provide your Human Subject Assurance Number (from the FWA) in the application; if you do not have an assurance, you must indicate in the application that you will obtain one from OHRP prior to award.

viii. Certifications
Complete the required Certification Regarding Lobbying Form and, if applicable, the Disclosure of Lobbying Activities Form provided with the application package.

Lobbying
1) No federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the applicant, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any federal contract, the making of any federal grant, the making of any federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

2) If any funds other than federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the applicant must complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities," in accordance with its instructions.

3) Recipients of HRSA awards shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than $10,000 and not more than $100,000 for each such failure.
Federal Debt
Any organization or individual that is indebted to the United States, and has a judgment lien filed against it for a debt to the United States, is ineligible to receive a federal grant. By signing the SF-424, the applicant is certifying that they are not delinquent on federal debt in accordance with OMB Circular A-129. (Examples of relevant debt include delinquent payroll or other taxes, audit disallowances, guaranteed and direct student loans, benefits that were overpaid, etc.). If an applicant is delinquent on federal debt, they should attach an explanation that includes proof that satisfactory arrangements have been made with the Agency to which the debt is owed. This explanation should be uploaded as an Attachment.

Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility, and Voluntary Exclusion Certification
By submitting this proposal, the prospective recipient is providing the certification set out below:

A. This certification in this clause is a material representation of fact. If it is later determined that the prospective recipient knowingly submitted an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the Department may pursue available remedies, including but not limited to, suspension and/or debarment.

B. The prospective recipient shall provide immediate written notice to HRSA if at any time the recipient learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted, or had become erroneous due to changed circumstances.

C. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this certification, are defined in 2 CFR part 180, as supplemented by 2 CFR part 376.

D. The prospective recipient agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 2 CFR part 180 or 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized in writing by HRSA.

E. The prospective recipient further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions, and receive a copy of the signed attestation by such lower tier contractor/subawardee.

F. A recipient may rely upon a certification of a prospective recipient in a lower tier covered transaction that neither it nor its principals, are proposed for debarment under 2 CFR part 180 or 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. HRSA strongly encourages
each participant to check the Excluded Parties database in the System for Award Management at https://www.sam.gov.

G. Nothing contained in this certification requires establishment of a system of records in order to provide the certification required by this certification.

H. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph E of this statement, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 2 CFR part 180 or 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the Department may pursue available remedies, including, but not limited to, suspension and/or debarment.

ix. Project Abstract

Provide a summary of the application. Because the abstract is often distributed to provide information to the public and Congress, please prepare this so that it is clear, accurate, concise, and without reference to other parts of the application. It must include a brief description of the proposed project including the needs to be addressed, the proposed services, and the population group(s) to be served. See the FOA for additional information that may be required in the project abstract.

Please place the following at the top of the abstract:

- Project Title
- Applicant Organization Name
- Address
- Project Director Name
- Contact Phone Numbers (Voice, Fax)
- E-Mail Address
- Web Site Address, if applicable
- List all grant program funds requested in the application, if applicable
- If requesting a funding preference, priority, or special consideration as outlined in Section V. 2. of the program-specific FOA, please indicate here.

The project abstract must be single-spaced and limited to one page in length.

x. Project Narrative

This section provides a comprehensive framework and description of all aspects of the proposed project. It should be succinct, self-explanatory and well organized so that reviewers can understand the proposed project. Please see the FOA for specific narrative instructions.

xi. Attachments

Provide the attachments as specified in the FOA to complete the content of the application. Please note that these are supplementary in nature, and are not intended to be a continuation of the project narrative. Unless otherwise noted,
attachments count toward the application page limit specified in the FOA. Each attachment must be clearly labeled.

4.2. Narrative and Attachment Formatting Guidelines

4.2.1. Font
Please use an easily readable font, such as Times Roman, Arial, Courier, or CG Times. The text and table portions of the application must be single-spaced and submitted in not less than a 12-point font. Applications not adhering to 12-point font requirements may be deemed non-responsive and returned. For charts, graphs, footnotes, and budget tables, you may use a different pitch or size font but not less than 10 pitch or size font. It is vital that the charts are legible when scanned or reproduced.

4.2.2. Paper Size and Margins
For duplication and scanning purposes, please ensure that the application can be printed on 8½” x 11” white paper. Margins must be at least one inch at the top, bottom, left and right of the paper. Please left-align text.

4.2.3. Names
Include the name of the applicant and 10-digit grant number (if competing continuation or competing supplement) on each page as a footer.

4.2.4. Section Headings
Put all section headings flush left in bold type.

4.2.5. Page Numbering
Do not number the standard OMB-approved forms. Number each attachment page sequentially. Reset the numbering for each attachment. (Treat each attachment/document as a separate section.)

4.2.6. Allowable Attachment or Document Types
Unless otherwise noted in the FOA, please do not submit organizational brochures or other promotional materials, slides, films, clips, etc.

The attachment types listed below are supported in HRSA EHBs. Although Grants.gov allows you to upload other types of attachments, HRSA only accepts the following types of attachments. Files with unrecognizable extensions may not be accepted or may be corrupted, and will not be considered as part of the application. When the application is printed by HRSA, documents will print as they are formatted by the applicant. If using Excel or other spreadsheet documents, be aware that reviewers will only see information that is set in the “Print Area” of the document.

File Attachment Types (acceptable by HRSA)
- .DOC/.DOCX - Microsoft Word
- .RTF - Rich Text Format
- .TXT - Text
File Attachment Names

- Please use only the following characters when naming your attachments: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, underscore (_), hyphen (-), space ( ), period, parenthesis ( ), curly braces { }, square brackets [], ampersand &, tilde ~, exclamation point !, Comma , Semicolon; Apostrophe ‘, At sign @, Number sign #, Dollar Sign $, Percent Sign %, Plus sign +, Equal sign =.
- Limit the file attachment name to under 50 characters.

Your application may be rejected by Grants.gov if you use attachment names greater than 50 characters.

4.3. Application Content Order (Table of Contents)

HRSA uses an automatic numbering approach to ensure uniformity of all applications when printed for objective review.

HRSA uses a standard package from Grants.gov (SF-424) and has defined a standard order of forms (see the table on the next two pages). The FOA also provides you with explicit instructions where to upload specific Attachments 1 to maximum of 15.
SF-424 Application for Federal Assistance – Table of Contents

- It is mandatory to follow the instructions provided in this section to ensure that the application can be printed efficiently and consistently for review.
- Failure to follow the instructions may make the application non-responsive. Non-responsive applications will not be considered.
- For electronic submissions, you only have to number the electronic attachment pages sequentially, resetting the numbering for each attachment, i.e., start at page 1 for each attachment. Do not attempt to number standard OMB-approved form pages.
- For electronic submissions, no Table of Contents is required for the entire application. HRSA will construct an electronic table of contents in the order specified.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Section</th>
<th>Form Type</th>
<th>Instruction</th>
<th>HRSA/Program Guidelines</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application for Federal Assistance (SF-424)</td>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Pages 1, 2 &amp; 3 of the SF-424 face page.</td>
<td>Not counted in the page limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Abstract</td>
<td>Attachment</td>
<td>Must be uploaded on page 2 of SF-424 - Box 15: Select “Add Attachments” to upload the project abstract.</td>
<td>Required attachment. Counted in the page limit. Refer to Section 4.1.1 of this SF-424 Application Guide and the FOA for detailed instructions, if applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional Congressional District</td>
<td>Attachment</td>
<td>Can be uploaded on page 3 of SF-424 - Box 16</td>
<td>Counted in the page limit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Narrative Attachment Form</td>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Supports the upload of Project Narrative document</td>
<td>Not counted in the page limit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Narrative</td>
<td>Attachment</td>
<td>Can be uploaded in Project Narrative Attachment form.</td>
<td>Required attachment. Counted in the page limit. Refer to the FOA for detailed instructions. Provide table of contents specific to this document only as the first page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SF-424A Budget Information - Non-Construction Programs</td>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Pages 1–2 to support structured budget for the request of Non-construction related funds.</td>
<td>Not counted in the page limit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Budget Narrative Attachment Form</td>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Supports the upload of Budget Narrative..</td>
<td>Not counted in the page limit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Budget Narrative | Attachment | Can be uploaded in Budget Narrative Attachment form. | Required attachment. Counted in the page limit. Refer to the Section 4.1.1 of this SF-
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Section</th>
<th>Form Type</th>
<th>Instruction</th>
<th>HRSA/Program Guidelines</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SF-424B Assurances - Non-Construction Programs</td>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Supports assurances for non-construction programs.</td>
<td>424 Application Guide and the FOA for detailed instructions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project/Performance Site Location(s)</td>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Supports primary and 29 additional sites in structured form.</td>
<td>Not counted in the page limit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional Performance Site Location(s)</td>
<td>Attachment</td>
<td>Can be uploaded in the SF-424 Performance Site Location(s) form. Single document with all additional site location(s)</td>
<td>Counted in the page limit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (SF-LLL)</td>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Supports structured data for lobbying activities.</td>
<td>Optional, as applicable. Not counted in the page limit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key Contacts Form</td>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Provides information on principals and key personnel.</td>
<td>Required. Not counted in the page limit. Note: HRSA requires the “Middle Name” for each contact, if applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attachments Form</td>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Supports up to 15 numbered attachments. This form only contains the attachment list.</td>
<td>Not counted in the page limit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attachments 1-15</td>
<td>Attachment</td>
<td>Can be uploaded in Attachments Form 1-15.</td>
<td>Refer to the attachment table provided in the FOA for specific sequence. Counted in the page limit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- To ensure that attachments are organized and printed in a consistent manner, follow the order provided in the FOA. Note that these instructions may vary across programs.
- Evidence of Non-Profit status and invention related documents, if applicable, must be provided in the Other Attachments form (not counted in the page limit).
- Additional supporting documents, if applicable, can be provided using the available rows. Do not use the rows assigned to a specific purpose in the program FOA.
- Merge similar documents into a single document. Where several documents are expected in the attachment, ensure that a table of contents cover page is included specific to the attachment. The Table of Contents page will not be counted in the page limit.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attachment Number</th>
<th>Attachment Description (Program Guidelines)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Attachments 1-15</td>
<td>Please see instructions in the FOA.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.4. Application Page Limit

The total size of all uploaded files may not exceed the page limit specified in Section IV. 2. of the FOA when printed by HRSA. The page limit includes the abstract, project and budget narratives, attachments, and letters of commitment and support required in the FOA. Standard OMB-approved forms included in the application package, an organization’s approved Indirect Cost Rate Agreement, and proof of non-profit status are NOT included in the page limit. All other documents will count toward the page limit, unless noted in the FOA. We strongly urge you to take appropriate measures to ensure the application does not exceed the specified page limit.

Applications must be complete, within the specified page limit, and validated under the correct funding opportunity number prior to the deadline to be considered under the announcement.

You must follow the instructions provided in this section. HRSA recommends that you print out all attachments and confirm the number of pages before submission.

- NOTE: Applications that exceed the specified limits or are submitted under the wrong announcement number will be deemed non-responsive, will not be considered for award, and the applicants will be notified.

4.5. Submission Dates and Times

Notification of Intent to Apply (ONLY if requested in FOA on cover and in Section IV.7.)

You are eligible to apply even if no letter of intent is submitted. The letter should identify your organization and its intent to apply, and briefly describe the proposal to be submitted. Receipt of Letters of Intent will not be acknowledged.

This letter should be sent via email by the date listed in FOA to:

HRSA Digital Services Operation (DSO)
Please use HRSA opportunity number as email subject (HRSA-XX-XXX)
HRSADSO@hrsa.gov

Application Due Date

The due date for applications is 11:59 P.M. Eastern Time on the date listed in Section IV.4. Submission Dates and Times in the FOA, unless otherwise noted. Applications completed online are considered formally submitted when the application has been successfully transmitted electronically to the correct FOA number, by the organization’s AOR through Grants.gov and validated by Grants.gov under the correct funding opportunity number on or before the deadline date and time.
4.6. Correcting Mistakes

If, for any reason (including submitting to the wrong funding opportunity number), an application is submitted more than once prior to the application due date, HRSA will only accept your last validated electronic submission, under the correct funding opportunity number, prior to the Grants.gov application due date as the final and only acceptable application. If you need to correct a Grants.gov application mistake, in Box 1 of the SF-424, check “Changed/Corrected Application,” and submit the corrected version before the application deadline.

It is incumbent on you to ensure that the AOR is available to submit the application to HRSA by the published due date. HRSA will not accept submission or re-submission of incomplete, rejected, or otherwise delayed applications after the deadline. Therefore, you are urged to submit your application in advance of the deadline. If an application is rejected by Grants.gov due to errors, it must be corrected and resubmitted to Grants.gov before the deadline date and time. Deadline extensions will not be provided to applicants who do not correct errors and resubmit before the posted deadline.

4.7. Tips for Writing a Strong Application

HRSA has designed a TA webpage to assist you in preparing your application. Resources include help with system registration, finding and applying for funding opportunities, writing strong applications, understanding the review process, and many other topics which you will find relevant. The website can be accessed at http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/apply/index.html.

In addition, a concise resource offering tips for writing proposals for HHS grants and cooperative agreements can be accessed at http://www.hhs.gov/asfr/ogapa/aboutog/apptips.html.

4.8. Withdrawing an Application

You may withdraw your application from consideration at any time before an award is issued. Notification of this withdrawal should be sent via email to DGPWaivers@hrsa.gov, with a copy sent to the PC and GMS listed in the FOA.
5. PROCESS OVERVIEW

5.1. Competing Applications Through Grants.gov

Following is the process for submitting a competing application through Grants.gov:

1) HRSA will post all competing FOAs on Grants.gov (http://www.grants.gov).
2) In order to apply for a HRSA grant, you must complete the Grants.gov registration process. See Section 4 for more details.
3) Once the FOA is available, you should search for the announcement in Grants.gov by clicking the SEARCH GRANTS tab (http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/search-grants.html), entering the FOA number (HRSA-1X-XXX) and then selecting the announcement. Or by clicking the APPLICANTS tab under Apply for Grants (http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/apply-for-grants.html).
4) Download the application package and instructions from Grants.gov. The FOA, accessible via the instructions link, contains critical application instructions and must be downloaded. Make note of the Announcement Number.
5) Save a copy of the application package on your computer, or to a location you choose and complete all the forms based on the instructions provided in the FOA.
6) Submit the application package through Grants.gov (requires registration – see Section 4).
7) Track the status of your submitted application using Track My Application at Grants.gov until you receive email notifications that your application has been received and validated by Grants.gov and received by HRSA. Be sure the application was validated under the correct funding opportunity number.
8) Once your application has been validated by Grants.gov, you may track the status of the application within HRSA by using the “Track Your Application” widget, now available on HRSA’s website at http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/index.html. The application tracker will let you know where your application is at every stage in the process.

5.2. Application Processing

HRSA staff review each application for eligibility, responsiveness, completeness, and conformity with the requirements outlined in the relevant FOA, including programmatic, budgetary, and grants management compliance. Applications that pass the initial HRSA eligibility screening will be reviewed and rated by a panel based on the program elements and review criteria presented in Section V. 1. Review Criteria of the relevant FOA.

All incomplete applications, ineligible, or otherwise non-compliant applications, and applications determined to be non-responsive to FOA requirements will not be considered for funding. You may withdraw your application from consideration at any time before an award is issued.
For those applications that did not pass the initial screening, applicants will be advised by letter (sent to the individual signing the application on behalf of the organization) that the application will not be held for further consideration or be funded. The decision not to make an award or to make an award a particular funding level, is discretionary and is not subject to appeal to any OPDIV or HHS official or board.

5.3. Objective Review Information

The Division of Independent Review is responsible for managing objective reviews within HRSA. The objective review provides advice to the individual responsible for making award decisions. Objective review is essential to ensuring selection of applications that best meet the needs of the program consistent with published evaluation criteria and providing assurance to the public that the evaluation process is impartial and fair. Applications competing for federal funds receive an objective and independent review performed by a committee of experts qualified by training and experience in particular fields or disciplines related to the program being reviewed. In selecting review committee members, other factors in addition to training and experience may be considered to improve the balance of the committee, e.g., geographic distribution. Each reviewer is screened to avoid conflicts of interest and is responsible for providing an objective, unbiased evaluation based on the review criteria presented in Section V. 1. Review Criteria of the FOA.

Applications that pass the initial HRSA eligibility screening will be reviewed and rated by a panel based on the program elements and review criteria presented in the FOA. The review criteria are designed to enable the review panel to assess the quality of a proposed project and determine the likelihood of its success. The criteria are closely related to each other and are considered as a whole in judging the overall quality of an application.

Procedures for assessing the technical merit of applications have been instituted to provide for an objective review of applications and to assist you in understanding the standards against which each application will be judged. Critical indicators have been developed for each review criterion to assist the you in presenting pertinent information related to that criterion and to provide the reviewer with a standard for evaluation. Review criteria found in the FOAs are outlined with specific detail and scoring points.

Funding factors may be applied during the objective review process or in the selection process. Funding factors are addressed in the FOA, which will specify if you must make an affirmative request to be considered for a funding factor, what information is needed to demonstrate eligibility for the funding factor, and whether objective reviewers determine if you've met the funding factor. The announcement provides a detailed explanation of preferences, priorities, or special considerations with an explicit indication of their effect (e.g., whether they result in additional points being assigned). It is HRSA
policy that funding preferences, priorities, and special considerations must be published in the FOA.

You will receive written notification of the outcome of the objective review process, including a summary of the expert committee’s assessment of the application’s strengths and weaknesses, and whether the application was selected for funding.

5.4. Award Notification

The Notice of Award (NoA) is the legal document issued to the recipient that indicates an award has been made and that funds may be requested from HRSA. Until an awarding office has issued an NoA for the initial budget period, any costs incurred by the applicant for the project are incurred at its own risk. HRSA may reimburse pre-award costs only to the extent that they would otherwise be allowable. The NoA sets forth the amount of funds granted, the terms and conditions of the award, the effective date of the award, the budget period for which initial support will be given, the non-federal share to be provided (if applicable), and the total project period for which support is contemplated. Signed by the Grants Management Officer (GMO), it is sent to the applicant’s Authorized Organization Representative (AOR), and reflects the only authorizing document. Any other correspondence announcing that an application has been selected for award is not an authorization to begin performance. Generally, it will be sent prior to the start date of the award as listed in Section V.4 of the FOA.

A revised NoA may be issued during a budget period to effect an action resulting in a change in the period or amount of support or other change in the terms and conditions of award. An awarding office generally will not issue a revised NoA to reflect a recipient’s post-award rebudgeting. Applicants who are selected for funding may be required to respond in a satisfactory manner to conditions placed on their award document before funding can proceed. Letters of notification do not provide authorization to begin performance.

Unsuccessful applicants will receive notification from HRSA’s Division of Grants Management Operations.

6. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Successful applicants generally must comply with the following standard reporting and review activities, unless otherwise noted in the FOA or NoA. Some programs require program-specific reporting, please see Section VI. 3. Reporting of the FOA.

a. Audit Requirements
Comply with audit requirements of 45 CFR 75, Subpart F. Information on audits can be found on the Internet at http://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/retrieveECFR?gp=1&SID=4d52364ec83fab994c665943dadf9cf7&ty=HTML&h=L&r=PART&n=pt45.1.75#sp45.1.75.f.
b. Payment Management Requirements

If applicable, the awardee must submit quarterly electronic Federal Financial Report (FFR) Cash Transaction Report via the Payment Management System (PMS). The report identifies cash expenditures against the authorized funds for the grant or cooperative agreement. The FFR Cash Transaction Reports must be filed within 30 days of the end of each calendar quarter. Failure to submit the report may result in the inability to access award funds. Go to http://www.dpm.psc.gov for additional information.

c. Status Reports

1) Federal Financial Report. The Federal Financial Report (SF-425) is required according to the following schedule: http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/manage/technicalassistance/federalfinancialreport/ffrschedule.pdf. The report is an accounting of expenditures under the project that year. Financial reports must be submitted electronically through HRSA EHBs. More specific information will be included in the NoA.

2) Progress Report(s). The awardee must submit a progress report to HRSA on a quarterly, semi-annual, or annual basis (as specified in the FOA). For multi-year awards: Submission and HRSA approval of awardee Progress Report(s) triggers the budget period renewal and release of subsequent year funds. This report has two parts. The first part demonstrates awardee progress on program-specific goals. The second part collects core performance measurement data including performance measurement data to measure the progress and impact of the project. Further information will be provided in the NoA.

3) Final Report. A final report is due within 90 days after the project period ends. The final report collects information relevant to program-specific goals and progress on strategies; core performance measurement data; impact of the overall project; the degree to which the awardee achieved the mission, goal and strategies outlined in the program; awardee objectives and accomplishments; barriers encountered; and responses to summary questions regarding the awardee’s overall experiences during the entire project period. The final report must be submitted on-line by awardees in the HRSA EHBs system at https://grants.hrsa.gov/grantee.

4) Tangible Personal Property Report. If applicable, the awardee must submit the Tangible Personal Property Report (SF-428) and any related forms. The report must be submitted within 90 days after the project period ends. Awardees are required to report all federally-owned property and acquired equipment with an acquisition cost of $5,000 or more per unit. Tangible personal property means property of any kind, except real property, that has physical existence. It includes equipment and supplies. Property may be provided by HRSA or acquired by the recipient with award funds. Federally-owned property consists of items that were furnished by the Federal Government. Tangible personal
property reports must be submitted electronically through HRSA EHBs. More specific information will be included in the NoA.

5) Any other required reports and/or products specified in the FOA.

d. Transparency Act Reporting Requirements

New awards (“Type 1”) issued are subject to the reporting requirements of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA) of 2006 (P. L. 109–282), as amended by section 6202 of P.L. 110–252, and implemented by 2 CFR part 170. IMPORTANT: The reporting requirements apply for the duration of the project period and so include all subsequent award actions to aforementioned HRSA grants and cooperative agreement awards (e.g., Type 2 (competing continuation), Type 5 (non-competing continuation), etc.). Grant and cooperative agreement recipients must report information for each first-tier subaward of $25,000 or more in federal funds and executive total compensation for the recipient’s and subrecipient’s five most highly compensated executives as outlined in Appendix A to 2 CFR part 170 (FFATA details are available online at http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/ffata.html).

7. AGENCY CONTACTS

7.1. Working with HRSA Program and Grants Management Staff

For assistance with overall program-related questions, contact the PC listed in Section VII. Agency Contacts of the FOA. For additional information regarding business, administrative, or fiscal issues, contact the GMS listed in Section VII. Agency Contacts of the FOA. The PC and the GMS work as a team in many award-related activities.

Please contact Grants.gov Customer Support for technical questions related to Grants.gov.

7.2. Grants.gov Customer Support

Direct all questions regarding Grants.gov to the Grants.gov Call Center at: 1-800-518-4726 (International callers, please dial 606-545-5035) or via email at support@grants.gov. Call Center hours of operation are 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, excluding federal holidays. Please be sure to obtain a case number every time you call so that your issue can be tracked.

8. FAQS AND OTHER INFORMATION

8.1. Software FAQs

8.1.1. What are the software requirements for using Grants.gov?
You will need to download Adobe Reader. For information on Adobe Reader, go to

8.1.2. Adobe Reader
The Adobe Reader screen is shown in Adobe Reader Screen below.

![Adobe Reader Screen]

Figure 1: The Adobe Reader Toolbar

1. Print – Click to print the application package.
2. Save – Click to save the application package to your local computer.
3. Save & Submit – Click to submit the application package to Grants.gov. (The Save & Submit button on the application package cover page will only become active after you have completed all required forms, attached all required documents, saved your application package, and your package is free from errors.)
4. Check Package for Errors – Click prior to submitting the application package to ensure there are no errors.

Open and complete all of the documents listed under **Mandatory Documents**, as well as the relevant documents under **Optional Documents**. Refer to Figure 2 below.

**Figure 2: Working with Mandatory and Optional Documents (Adobe Reader)**

1. The documents listed under Mandatory Documents and Optional Documents may be predefined forms, such as SF-424, or documents that need to be attached, such as a staffing plan and job descriptions for key personnel. Mandatory Documents are required for this application. Optional Documents can be used to provide additional support for this application or may be required for specific types of award activity. Reference the FOA for more information regarding Optional Documents.

2. To open a form, click on the form name. It will jump to the first page of the form. For Optional forms, tick first the box on the left of the form name.

3. To remove an optional form, unselect the box on the left of the form name.
4. When you open a required form, the fields which must be completed are noted by an asterisk and highlighted in yellow with a red border. Optional fields and completed fields are displayed in white. If you enter invalid or incomplete information in a field, you will receive an error message.

5. To exit a form within the application, select the Close Form button at the top of the form you are filling out. Then to save your work, select the Save button (on the cover page) to save your entire application.

![Figure 3: An Open Form in Adobe Reader](image)

Note that the buttons are attached to the top of the page and move with the page. Click on the Close Form button to save and close the form. Refer to Figure 3 above.

**Special Note: Working with Earlier Versions of Adobe Reader**

It is highly recommended that you remove all earlier versions of Adobe Reader prior to installing the latest version of Adobe Reader. Do this by using Add or Remove Programs from the Control Panel in Windows.

If you need to keep older versions of Adobe Reader on your computer, you should be aware that the program will unsuccessfully attempt to open application packages with the earlier, incompatible version. Use the following workaround to avoid this problem.
1. **Download Application Instructions**

2. **Download Application Package**

   - Right-click the download link.

   - Select Save Target As…

**Figure 4: Downloading from Grants.gov**

1. From the Grants.gov download page, right-click on the *Download Application Package* link and select **Save Target As**… from the menu.
2. Save the target on your computer (preferably to the Desktop) as an Adobe Acrobat Document.

**Figure 5: Selecting Open with Adobe Reader**

3. Right-click the icon.
4. Select **Open With > Adobe Reader 8.1** from the menu.
8.1.3 Can I download Adobe Reader onto my computer?
There are software applications that allow you to successfully navigate the Grants.gov pages and complete your application. These applications can be found at http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/support/technical-support/recommended-software.html. However, depending on your organization’s computer network and security protocols you may not have the necessary permissions to download software onto your workstation. Contact your IT department or system administrator to download the software for you or give you access to this function.

8.1.4. Is Grants.gov Macintosh (Mac) compatible?
Yes, visit http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/support/technical-support/recommended-software.html.

8.2. Application Receipt FAQs

8.2.1. When do I need to submit my application?
Generally, applications must be submitted to Grants.gov by 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time on the due date, however the time may vary. You should refer to the FOA for exact submission dates and times. An application for HRSA funding must be both received and validated by Grants.gov under the correct funding opportunity number by the application deadline.

8.2.2. What is the receipt date (the date the application is electronically received by Grants.gov or the date the data is received by HRSA)?
The submission/receipt date is the date the application is electronically received and validated by Grants.gov. An application for HRSA funding must be both received and validated under the correct funding opportunity number by Grants.gov by the application deadline. Please allow sufficient time to have the application validated, which can take up to 48 hours.

8.2.3 Once my application is submitted, how can I track my application and what emails can I expect from Grants.gov and HRSA?
You can check the status of your application any time after submission by logging into Grants.gov and clicking on the Track My Application link. This link will also be included in the confirmation email that you receive from Grants.gov.

When you submit your application in Grants.gov, it is first received and then validated by Grants.gov. Typically, this takes a few hours but it may take up to 48 hours during peak volumes. You will receive four emails from Grants.gov.

The first will confirm receipt of your application by the Grants.gov system (“Received”). The second will indicate that the application has either been successfully validated (“Validated”) by the system prior to transmission to the grantor agency or has been rejected due to errors (“Rejected with Errors”). An application for HRSA funding must
be both received and validated under the correct funding opportunity number by Grants.gov by the application deadline.

Subsequently, the application will be downloaded by HRSA upon successful validation of your application by Grants.gov. The status of the application will then change to “Received by Agency” after successful validation and you will receive a third email from Grants.gov.

HRSA will process the application to ensure that it has been submitted for the correct funding announcement number, along with the correct grant number (if applicable) and awardee/applicant organization. This may take up to three business days. HRSA will assign a unique tracking number to your application which will be posted to Grants.gov. The status of your application will then be changed to “Agency Tracking Number Assigned” and you will receive a fourth email from Grants.gov.

- **NOTE:** Refer to FAQ 8.2.5 below for a summary of emails.

### 8.2.4 If a resubmission is required due to technological problems encountered using the Grants.gov system and the closing date has passed, what should I do?

You must contact the Director of the Division of Grants Policy at HRSA, within five calendar days from the closing date, via email at DGPWaivers@hrsa.gov and provide a detailed explanation. Your email must include the HRSA Announcement Number, the name, address, and telephone number of the Organization, the organization’s DUNS number, and the Name and telephone number of the Project Director, as well as the Grants.gov Tracking Number (GRANTXXXXXXXX) assigned to your submission, along with a copy of the “Rejected with Errors” notification you received from Grants.gov. Extensions for funding opportunity deadlines are only granted in the rare event of a natural disaster or validated technical system problem on the side of the Government that prevented a timely application submission. An application for HRSA funding must be both received and validated under the correct funding opportunity number by the application deadline.

### 8.2.5 Can you summarize the emails received from Grants.gov and identify who will receive the emails?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Submission Type</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Timeframe</th>
<th>Sent By</th>
<th>Recipient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Competing Application</td>
<td>“Submission Receipt”</td>
<td>Within 48 hours</td>
<td>Grants.gov</td>
<td>AOR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>“Submission Validation Receipt” or “Rejected with Errors”</td>
<td>Within 48 hours</td>
<td>Grants.gov</td>
<td>AOR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>“Grantor Agency Retrieval Receipt”</td>
<td>Within hours of second email</td>
<td>Grants.gov</td>
<td>AOR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 8.3. Application Submission FAQ

#### 8.3.1. How can I make sure that my electronic application is presented in the correct order for objective review?

Follow the instructions provided in [Section 4](#) to ensure that your application is presented in the correct order and is compliant with all the requirements.

### 8.4. Grants.gov FAQs

For a list of frequently asked questions and answers maintained by Grants.gov, please visit [http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/support/general-support/faqs.html](http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/support/general-support/faqs.html).

Grants.gov offers several tools and numerous user guides to assist applicants that are interested in applying for grant funds. To view the many applicant resources available through Grants.gov please visit [http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/applicant-resources.html](http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/applicant-resources.html).

### 8.5. Application Completeness Checklist

- Have I read the FOA and this *SF-424 Application Guide* thoroughly?
- Is my organization eligible to apply for this announcement?
- Am I applying to the correct funding opportunity number?
- Is my proposed project responsive to the stated goals and objectives of the program as specified in the FOA?
- Have I ensured my application does not exceed the ceiling amount specified in Section III of the FOA?
- Have I completed all forms and attachments as requested in Section IV of the FOA and this Guide?
- Have I taken the appropriate measures to ensure my application does not exceed the page limit specified in the FOA?
- Will I apply at least three days prior to the deadline to accommodate any unforeseen circumstances?
- Have I received confirmation emails from Grants.gov noting validation of successful submission?
8.6. **Program Specific Resources and Technical Assistance**

For additional information/resources, refer to Section VIII. Other Information in the FOA. This section may include TA calls (if scheduled), related programs, useful website addresses, etc.

9. **TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE RESOURCES**

HRSA has developed the How to Apply for a Grant TA webpage at [http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/apply](http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/apply). This is a one-stop shop for potential applicants on how to apply for HRSA funding. You will find valuable information on how to apply for HRSA awards, including webcasts, videos, and other technical assistance guidance.